

Installation and Service Manual

Condensing System Boiler

Ultra System 12 - 15 - 18 - 24 - 28

Model Range

Potterton Ultra 12 System G,C,N°41-592-71
Potterton Ultra 15 System G,C,N°41-592-72
Potterton Ultra 18 System G,C,N°41-592-73
Potterton Ultra 24 System G,C,N°41-592-74
Potterton Ultra 28 System G,C,N°41-592-75

Warning

This boiler can be used by children aged 8 years and above and by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge when they have been given supervision or instruction concerning the safe use of the device and understand the resulting risks. Children must not be allowed to play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance must not be carried out by children without supervision.

The Benchmark Scheme

Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers. The purpose is to ensure that customers are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that it is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by competent persons and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. The Benchmark Checklist can be used to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations and should be provided to the customer for future reference.

Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heating and Hotwater Industry Council who manage and promote the Scheme. Visit www.centralheating.co.uk for more information.

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Building Regulations and the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist

Building Regulations (England & Wales) require notification of the installation of a heating appliance to the relevant Local Authority Building Control Department. This can be achieved via a Competent Persons Self Certification Scheme as an option to notifying the Local Authority directly.

The Health & Safety Executive operates the 'Gas Safe Register', a self-certification scheme for gas heating appliances.

These arrangements represent a change from the situation whereby compliance with Building Regulations was accepted as being demonstrated by completion of the Benchmark Logbook (which was then left on site with the customer).

With the introduction of Self Certification Schemes, the Benchmark Logbook is being withdrawn. However, a similar document in the form of a commissioning checklist and service interval record is incorporated at the back of these instructions.

This company is a member of the Benchmark initiative and fully supports the aims of the programme. Its aim is to improve the standards of installation and commissioning of central heating systems in the UK and to encourage the regular servicing of all central heating systems to ensure safety and efficiency.

Building Regulations require that installations should comply with manufacturer's instructions. It is therefore important that the commissioning checklist is completed by the installer. The relevant section of Building Regulations only relates to dwellings. Therefore the checklist only applies if the appliance is being installed in a dwelling or some related structure.

The flowchart opposite gives guidance for installers on the process necessary to ensure compliance with Building Regulations.



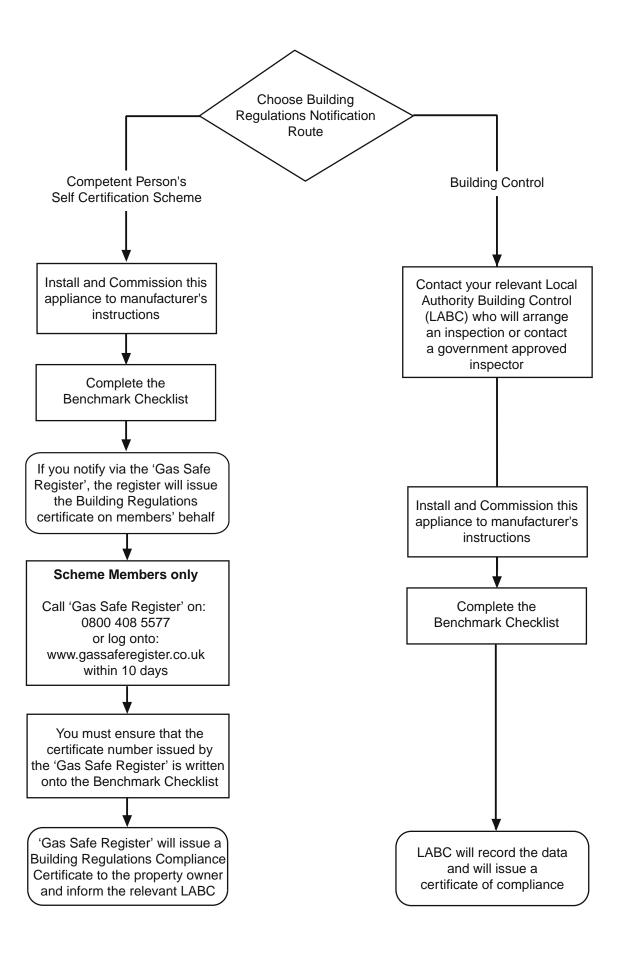








ISO 9001 FM 00866



IMPORTANT - Installation, Commissioning, Service & Repair

This appliance must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations in force. Read the instructions fully before installing or using the appliance.

In GB, this must be carried out by a competent person as stated in the Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations.

Definition of competence: A person who works for a Gas Safe registered company and holding current certificates in the relevant ACS modules, is deemed competent.

In IE, this must be carried out by a competent person as stated in I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".

The addition of anything that may interfere with the normal operation of the appliance without express written permission from the manufacturer or his agent could invalidate the appliance warranty. In GB this could also infringe the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations.

Warning - Check the information on the data plate is compatible with local supply conditions.

All Gas Safe registered engineers carry an ID card with their licence number and a photograph. You can check your engineer is registered by telephoning 0800 408 5500 or online at www.gassaferegister.co.uk

Homologations

CE Marking

EC - Declaration of Conformity

Baxi Heating UK Limited being the manufacturer / distributor within the European Economic Area of the following

Potterton Ultra 12 - 15 - 18 - 24 - 28 System

declare that the above is in conformity with the provisions of the Council Directive

2009/142/EC, 92/42/EEC, 2009/125/EC, 2010/30/EU, 2014/35/EU, 2014/30/EU

and has been subject to the following conformity procedures laid down in

Annex 2 - Article 3 of 2009/142/EC

under the supervision of the British Standards Institution, a Notified Body authorized by the United Kingdom Competent Authority, and carrying the Notified Body Number 0086.

Type test for purpose of Regulation 5 certified by: Notified Body 0085.

Product/Production certified by:

Notified Body 0086.

For GB/IE only.

Legislation

This company declare that no substances harmful to health are contained in the appliance or used during appliance manufacture.

The appliance is suitable only for installation in GB and IE and should be installed in accordance with the rules in force, and only used in a suitably ventilated location.

In GB, the installation must be carried out by a Gas Safe Registered Installer. It must be carried out in accordance with the relevant requirements of the:

- Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations.
- The appropriate Building Regulations either The Building Regulations, The Building Regulations (Scotland), Building Regulations (Northern Ireland).
- The Water Fittings Regulations or Water Byelaws in
- · The Current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations.

Where no specific instructions are given, reference should be made to the relevant British Standard Code of Practice.

In IE, the installation must be carried out by a competent Person and installed in accordance with the current edition of I.S. 813 'Domestic Gas Installations', the current Building Regulations and reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installation.

All systems must be thoroughly flushed and treated with inhibitor (see section 6.2).

Codes of Practice - refer to the most recent version

In GB the following Codes of Practice apply: Standard Scope

BS 6891	Gas Installation.
BS 5482 Part I	Butane & Propane Gas Installation
BS 5546	Installation of hot water supplies for domestic
	purposes.
BS EN 12828	Heating systems in buildings.
BS EN 12831	Heating systems in buildings - Calculation of load
BS EN 14336	Installation & commissioning of water based
	heating systems.
BS 6798	Installation of gas fired hot water boilers.
BS 5440 Part I	Flues.
BS 5440 Part 2	Ventilation.
BS 7074	Expansion vessels and ancillary equipment for
	sealed water systems.
BS 7593	Treatment of water in domestic hot water

In IE the following Codes of Practice apply:		
Standard	Scope	
I.S. 813	Domestic Gas Installations.	
The following standa	rds give valuable additional information;	
BS 5546	Installation of hot water supplies for domestic	
	purposes.	
BS EN 12828	Heating systems in buildings.	
BS EN 12831	Heating systems in buildings - Calculation of load.	
BS EN 14336	Installation & commissioning of water based	
	heating systems.	
BS 7074	Expansion vessels and ancillary equipment for	
	sealed water systems.	
BS 7593	Treatment of water in domestic hot water	
	central heating systems.	

central heating systems.

General

The following advice should be adhered to, from when first handling the boiler to the final stages of installation, and also during maintenance.

Most injuries as a result of inappropriate handling and lifting are to the back, but all other parts of the body are vulnerable, particularly shoulders, arms and hands. Health & Safety is the responsibility of EVERYONE.

There is no 'safe' limit for one man - each person has different capabilities. The boiler should be handled and lifted by TWO PEOPLE.

Do not handle or lift unless you feel physically able.

Wear appropriate Personal Protection Equipment e.g. protective gloves, safety footwear etc.

Preparation

Co-ordinate movements - know where, and when, you are both going.

Minimise the number of times needed to move the boiler - plan ahead.

Always ensure when handling or lifting the route is clear and unobstructed. If possible avoid steps, wet or slippery surfaces, unlit areas etc. and take special care on ladders/into lofts.

Technique

When handling or lifting always use safe techniques - keep your back straight, bend your knees. Don't twist - move your feet, avoid bending forwards and sideways and keep the load as close to your body as possible.

Where possible transport the boiler using a sack truck or other suitable trolley.

Always grip the boiler firmly, and before lifting feel where the weight is concentrated to establish the centre of gravity, repositioning yourself as necessary. See the 'Installation' section of these instructions for recommended lift points.

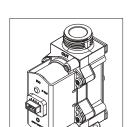
Remember

The circumstances of each installation are different. Always asses the risks associated with handling and lifting according to the individual conditions.

If at any time when installing the boiler you feel that you may have injured yourself STOP !! DO NOT 'work through' the pain - you may cause further injury.

IF IN ANY DOUBT DO NOT HANDLE OR LIFT THE BOILER - OBTAIN ADVICE OR ASSISTANCE BEFORE PROCEEDING!!

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1.0 Introduction

I.I Description

- I. The Potterton Ultra System Range are fully automatic gas fired wall mounted condensing system boilers. They are room sealed and fan assisted.
- 2. The boiler is set to give a maximum output of :-

12 models - 12 kW

13.1 kW Pnc (Condensing)

15 models - 15 kW

16.9 Pnc (Condensing)

18 models - 18 kW

19.7 Pnc (Condensing)

24 models - 24 kW

26.1 kW Pnc (Condensing)

28 models - 28 kW

30.5 kW Pnc (Condensing)

- 3. The boiler is factory set for use on Natural Gas (G20). It can be adapted to operate on Propane (G31) see Section 10.1 'Gas Type Check'.
- 4. The boiler is suitable for use only on fully pumped sealed heating systems.
- 5. The boiler data badge gives details of the model, serial number and Gas Council number and is situated on the control box. It is visible when the case front panel is removed (Fig. 2).
- 6. The boiler model, serial number and Gas Council number are also shown on the information label behind the boiler control flap (Fig. 1). This is for user reference.
- 7. The boiler is intended to be installed in residential/domestic environments on a governed meter supply only.
- 8. The boiler must be installed with one of the purpose designed flues such as one of the standard horizontal telescopic flue kits detailed in the Flue Installation Guide.
- 9. All systems must be thoroughly cleansed, flushed and treated with inhibitor (see section 6.2).

I.2 Optional Extras

Various timers, external controls, etc. are available as optional extras. Full details are contained in the relevant sales literature.

I.3 Contents of Pack

The pack contains:-

- Boiler
- Valve & Copper Tail Set
- Template
- Fittings & Literature Pack

NOTE: These Installation & Servicing Instructions MUST be read in conjunction with the Flue Installation Guide supplied in the Literature Pack.

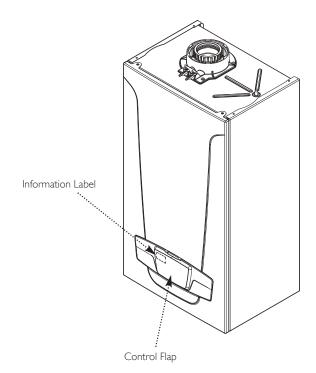


Fig. I

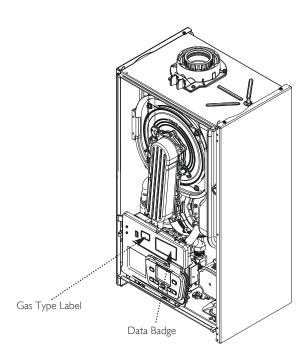


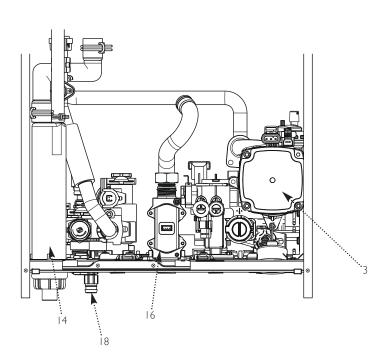
Fig. 2

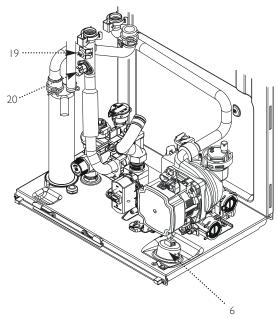
2.0 General Layout

12 13 15

Layout

- I. Expansion Vessel
- 2. Boiler Adaptor
- 3. Circulation Pump
- 4. Automatic Air Vent
- 5. Primary Heat Exchanger
- 6. Central Heating System Pressure Gauge
- 7. Fan Assembly
- 8. Exp. Vessel Locating Stud
- 9. Flame Sensing Electrode
- 10. Air/Gas Collector
- 11. Spark Ignition Electrode
- 12. Combustion Box Cover & Burner
- 13. Control Box Display
- 14. Condensate Trap
- 15. Safety Pressure Relief Valve
- 16. Gas Valve
- 17. Boiler Control
- 18. Boiler Drain Tap
- 19. Heating Flow Sensor
- 20. Safety Thermostat





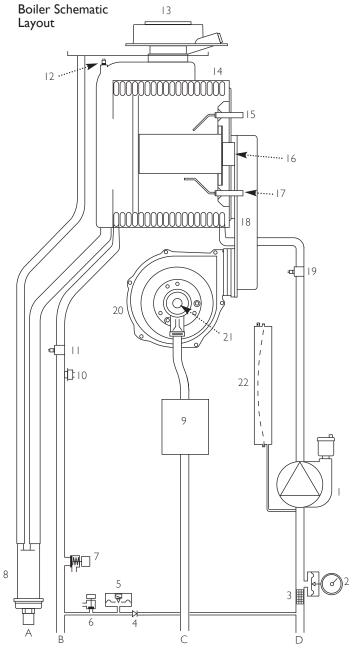


Fig. 3

Key

- I. Pump with Automatic Air Vent
- 2. CH System Pressure Gauge
- 3. Central Heating Filter
- 4. Non-return valve
- 5. Hydraulic Pressure Sensor
- 6. Boiler Drain Tap
- 7. Pressure Relief Valve
- 8. Condensate Trap
- 9. Gas Valve
- 10. Safety Thermostat (105°C)
- 11. Heating Flow Sensor

Connections:-

- A Condensate Drain
- B Heating Flow
- C Gas Inlet
- D Heating Return

- 12. Flue Sensor
- 13. Boiler Adaptor
- 14. Primary Heat Exchanger
- 15. Spark Ignition Electrode
- 16. Burner
- 17. Flame Sensing Electrode
- 18. Air/Gas Collector
- 19. Heating Return Sensor
- 20. Fan
- 21. Air-Gas Venturi
- 22. Expansion Vessel

3.0 Appliance Operation

3.1 Operating Mode

- I. With a demand for heating, the pump circulates water through the primary circuit.
- 2. Once main burner ignites the fan speed controls the gas rate to maintain the heating temperature measured by the temperature sensor.
- 3. When the flow temperature exceeds the setting temperature, a 3 minute delay occurs before the burner relights automatically (anti-cycling). The pump continues to run during this period.
- 4. When the demand is satisfied the burner is extinguished and the pump continues to run for a period of 3 minutes (Pump Overrun).

3.2 Boiler Frost Protection Mode

- I. The frost protection mode is integral to the appliance and functions as long as there is power to the boiler, as indicated by the standby signal 1.
- 2. When the boiler temperature falls below 5°C the boiler will fire until a temperature of 30°C is reached.
- 3. Further protection can be incorporated by using a system frost thermostat.

3.3 Pump Protection

I. If the boiler has been inactive for a period of 24 hours the pump will automatically operate for I minute to prevent sticking.

Ultra 12, 15, 18, 24, 28 System

Appliance Type C ₁₃ C ₃₃					
Appliance Car	Appliance Category CAT II _{2H 3P}				
Heat Input Cl	H Qn Hs (G	iross)			
		Max	Min		
12 model	kW	13.3	2.33		
15 model	kW	16.7	2.44		
18 model	kW	20.0	2.88		
24 model	kW	26.6	3.88		
28 model	kW	31.1	4.54		
Heat Output	CH Pn (No	n-Condensi	ng)		
		Max	Min		
12 model	kW	12.0	2.0		
15 model	kW	15.0	2.1		
18 model	kW	18.0	2.5		
24 model	kW	24.0	3.4		
28 model	kW	28.0	4.0		
Heat Output	CH Pnc (Co	ondensing)			
		Max	Min		
12 model	kW	12.7	2.2		
15 model	kW	15.9	2.3		
18 model	kW	19.0	2.8		
24 model	kW	25.4	3.7		
28 model	kW	29.6	4.3		
Injector					
12 model	mm	3.0			
15 model	mm	3.3			
18 model	mm	3.6			
24 model	mm	4.4			
28 model	mm	4.6			

NATURAL	_GAS	ONLY!	
Max Gas Rate		al Gas - G20) 10 mins)	
12 model	m³/h	1.27	
15 model	m³/h	1.59	
18 model	m³/h	1.90	
24 model	m³/h	2.54	
28 model	m³/h	2.96	
Inlet Pressure (1 mbar	Natural G 20	Gas - G20)	

PROPANE ONLY!			
Max Gas Rate	· 1	ane - G31) 10 mins)	
12 model	kg/h	0.93	
15 model	kg/h	1.17	
18 model	kg/h	1.40	
24 model	kg/h	1.86	
28 model	kg/h	2.18	
Inlet Pressure (Propane - G31)			
mbar	37		

(Appliar earthed	ce must be connected supply)	to an	
Power Consu	ımption		
12 model	75W		
15 model	80W		
18 model	80W		
24 model	85W		
28 model	90W		
Electrical Pro	Electrical Protection		

230V~ 50H₇

Electrical Supply

I	PX5D
External Fuse Rating	3A
Internal Fuse Rating	F2L

Condensate Drain To accept 21.5mm (3/4 in) plastic waste pipe

Flue Terminal	Diameter	100mm
Dimensions	Projection	125mm
Connections		copper tails
Gas Inlet	-	22mm
Heating Flow	-	22mm
Heating Return	-	22mm
Cold Water Inlet	-	15mm
Hot Water Outlet	-	15mm
Pressure Relief Disch	narge -	15mm

Outercase Dimensions	
Casing Height	- 700mm
Overall Height Inc Flue Elbow	- 860mm
Casing Width	- 390mm
Casing Depth	- 300mm*
*This can be reduced to 290mm	by removing th

he hoiler control access flan

boller control access liap		
Clearances		
Above Casing	175mm Min	
Below Casing	170mm Min*	
Front	450mm Min (For Servicing)	
Front	5mm Min (In Operation)	
L.H. Side	5mm Min	
R.H. Side	5mm Min :	
	ommended dimension. Greater	
clearance will aid install	ation and maintenance.	

\/ /	Δίσ	htc

	12/15/18/24	28
Packaged Boiler Carton	36.5kg	37.0kg
Installation Lift Weight	32.5kg	33.0kg

SEDBUK Declaration SAP 2009/2012 Annual Efficiency for N.G. models is 89% SAP 2009/2012 Annual Efficiency for L.P.G. models is 91%

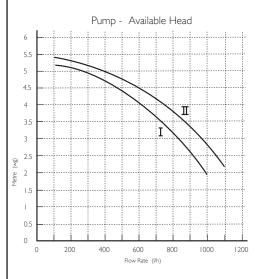
This value is used in the UK Government's Standard Assessment Procedure (SAP) for energy rating of dwellings. The test data from which it has been calculated has been certified by 0035.

NO _x Class 5	
Central Heating Primary Circuit	
Pressures	
	bar
Safety Discharge	3.0
Max Operating	2.5
Min Operating	0.5
Recommended Operating Range	1-2
Expansion Vessel - (For Centr	al Heating only
Integral with appliance)	
bar	
Min Dun shaura Dunasayuna I O	

Min Pre-charge Pressure	1.0
Max Capacity of CH System	litre 100
Primary Water Content of Boiler (unpressurised)	2.5

Temperatures C.H. Flow Temp (adjustable) 25°C to 80°C max (± 5°C)

Pump See graph below Available Head



NOTE: All data in this section are nominal values and subject to normal production tolerances.

4.2 Technical Parameters

Technical parameters for boiler space heaters

Potterton Ultra System			12	15	18	24	28
Condensing boiler			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Low-temperature boiler ⁽¹⁾			No	No	No	No	No
B1 boiler			No	No	No	No	No
Cogeneration space heater			No	No	No	No	No
Combination heater			No	No	No	No	No
Rated heat output	Prated	kW	12	15	18	24	28
Useful heat output at rated heat output and high temperature regime	P_4	kW	12.0	15.0	18.0	24.0	28.0
Useful heat output at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime ⁽¹⁾	P ₁	kW	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	9.4
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s	%	93	93	93	93	93
Useful efficiency at rated heat output and high temperature regime ⁽²⁾	η_4	%	88.1	88.0	88.0	87.9	87.9
Useful efficiency at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime ⁽¹⁾	η_1	%	98.1	98.1	98.1	98.0	98.0
Auxiliary electricity consumption							
Full load	elmax	kW	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.042	0.047
Part load	elmin	kW	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.013
Standby mode	P_{SB}	kW	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
Other items							
Standby heat loss	P _{stby}	kW	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.040
Ignition burner power consumption	P _{ign}	kW	-	-	-	-	-
Annual energy consumption	Q_{HE}	kWh GJ	10278 37	12778 46	15556 56	20556 74	24167 87
Sound power level, indoors	L _{WA}	dB	52	49	49	52	53
Emissions of nitrogen oxides	NO _X	mg/kWh	21	21	26	16	16

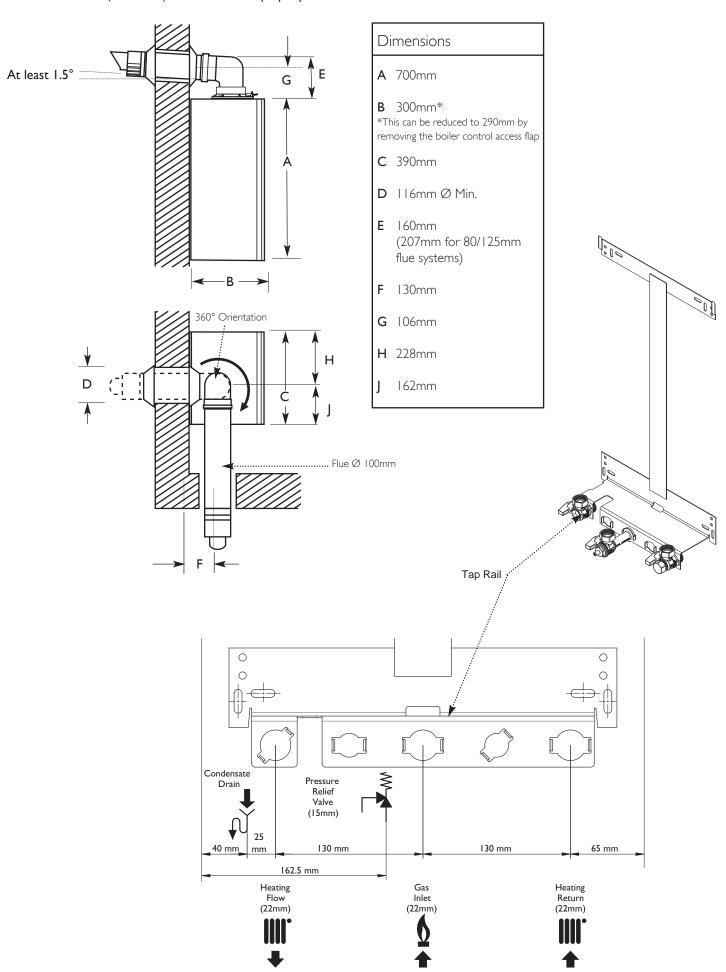
⁽¹⁾ Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30°C, for low temperature boilers 37°C and for other heaters 50°C return temperature (at heater inlet).

⁽²⁾ High temperature regime means 60°C return temperature at heater inlet and 80°C feed temperature at heater outlet.



The back cover for contact details.

There must be no part of the air duct (white tube) visible outside the property.



6.0 System Details

6.1 Information

I. The Potterton Ultra System range of Condensing Boilers are 'Water Byelaws Scheme - Approved Products'. To comply with the Water Byelaws your attention is drawn to the following installation requirements and notes (IRN).

a) IRN 001 - See text of entry for installation requirements and notes.

b) IRN 302 - Byelaw 14.

2. Reference to the WRc publications, 'Water fittings and materials directory' and 'Water supply byelaws guide' give full details of byelaws and the IRNs.

6.2 Treatment of Water Circulating Systems

Treatment of Water Circulating Systems

- All recirculatory water systems will be subject to corrosion unless an appropriate water treatment is applied. This means that the efficiency of the system will deteriorate as corrosion sludge accumulates within the system, risking damage to pump and valves, boiler noise and circulation problems.
- When fitting new systems flux will be evident within the system, which can lead to damage of system components.
- BS7593 gives extensive recommendations on system cleansing and water treatment.
- All systems must be thoroughly drained and flushed out using an appropriate proprietary flushing agent.
- A suitable inhibitor must then be added to the system.
- All system additives (flushing agents, cleansers, inhibitors etc.) must comply with the requirements of BS7593. Full instructions are supplied with the products and for further information contact the additive manufacturer directly or consult their website.

Failure to flush and add inhibitor to the system will invalidate the appliance warranty.

- It is important to check the inhibitor concentration after installation, system modification and at every service in accordance with the inhibitor manufacturer. (Test kits are available from inhibitor stockists.)
- For information or advice regarding any of the above contact Baxi Customer Support 0344 871 1545.

6.3 Bypass

I. The boiler is fitted with an automatic integral bypass. Some systems may require an additional external bypass.

6.4 System Control

I. Further external controls (e.g. room thermostat sensors) MUST be fitted to optimise the economical operation of the boiler in accordance with Part L of the Building Regulations (2010). A range of optional controls are available. Full details are contained in the relevant Sales Literature.

Stop Double Stop Check Stop Valve Valve Valve

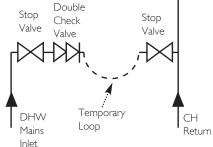
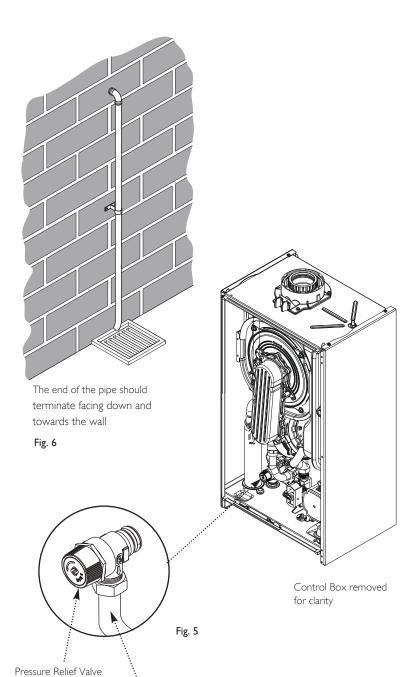


Fig. 4



6.0 System Details

6.5 System Filling and Pressurising (Fig. 4)

- I. A filling point connection on the central heating return pipework must be provided to facilitate initial filling and pressurising and also any subsequent water loss replacement/refilling.
- 2. The filling method adopted must be in accordance with all relevant water supply regulations and use approved equipment.
- 3. Your attention is drawn to:

for GB: Guidance G24.2 and recommendation R24.2 of the Water Regulations Guide.

for IE: the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".

4. The sealed primary circuits may be filled or replenished by means of a temporary connection between the circuit and a supply pipe, provided a 'Listed' double check valve or some other no less effective backflow prevention device is permanently connected at the inlet to the circuit and the temporary connection is removed after use.

6.6 Expansion Vessel (Central Heating only)

I. The appliance expansion vessel is pre-charged to I bar. Therefore, the minimum cold fill pressure is I bar. The vessel is suitable for correct operation for system capacities up to I00 litres. For greater system capacities an additional expansion vessel must be fitted. For GB refer to BS 7074 Pt I. For IE, the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".

6.7 Safety Pressure Relief Valve (Fig. 5)

- I. The pressure relief valve is set at 3 bar, therefore all pipework, fittings, etc. should be suitable for pressures in excess of 3 bar and temperature in excess of 100°C.
- 2. The pressure relief discharge pipe should be not less than I5mm dia, run continuously downward, and discharge outside the building, preferably over a drain. It should be routed in such a manner that no hazard occurs to occupants or causes damage to wiring or electrical components. If it is anticipated that any part of the pipe may be subject to freezing it should be suitably insulated. The end of the pipe should terminate facing down and towards the wall (Fig. 6).
- 3. The discharge must not be above a window, entrance or other public access. Consideration must be given to the possibility that boiling water/steam could discharge from the pipe.
- 4. A remote relief valve kit is available to enable the boiler to be installed in cellars or similar locations below outside ground level (kit no. 5121379).
- 5. A boiler discharge pump is available, part no. 720648301. This pump will dispose of both condensate & high temperature water from the relief valve. It has a maximum head of 5 metres.

Discharge Pipe

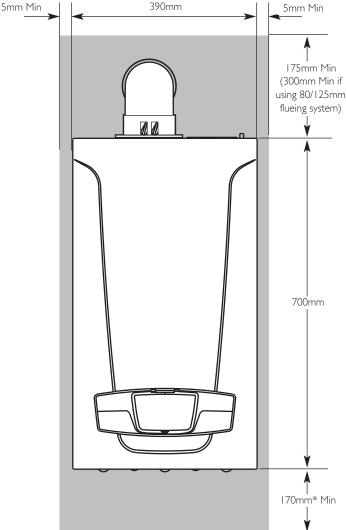


Fig. 7

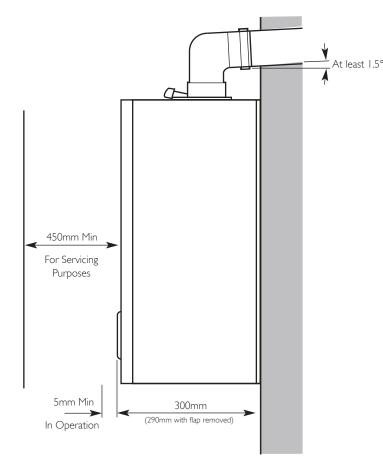


Fig. 8

7.0 Site Requirements

7.1 Location

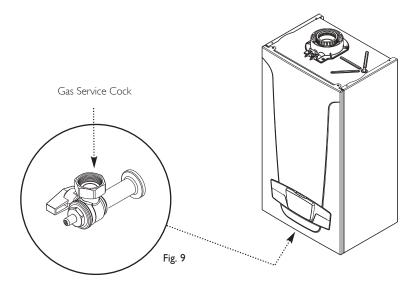
- I. The boiler may be fitted to any suitable wall with the flue passing through an outside wall or roof and discharging to atmosphere in a position permitting satisfactory removal of combustion products and providing an adequate air supply. The boiler should be fitted within the building unless otherwise protected by a suitable enclosure i.e. garage or outhouse. (The boiler may be fitted inside a cupboard-see Section 7.3).
- 2. Where the boiler is sited in an unheated enclosure and during periods when the heating system is to be unused it is recommended that the permanent live is left on to give BOILER frost protection. NOTE: THIS WILL NOT PROTECT THE SYSTEM!
- 3. If the boiler is fitted in a room containing a bath or shower reference must be made to the relevant requirements. In GB this is the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations and Building Regulations.
- In IE reference should be made to the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations" and the current ETCI rules.
- 4. If the boiler is to be fitted into a building of timber frame construction then reference must be made to the current edition of Institute of Gas Engineers Publication IGE/UP/7 (Gas Installations in Timber Framed Housing).

Clearances (Figs. 7 & 8)

- I. A flat vertical area is required for the installation of the boiler.
- 2. These dimensions include the necessary clearances around the boiler for case removal, spanner access and air movement. Additional clearances may be required for the passage of pipes around local obstructions such as joists running parallel to the front face of the boiler.
- *This is MINIMUM recommended dimension, Greater clearance will aid installation and maintenance.

Ventilation of Compartments

- 1. Where the appliance is installed in a cupboard or compartment, no air vents are required.
- 2. BS 5440: Part 2 refers to room sealed appliances installed in compartments. The appliance will run sufficiently cool without ventilation.

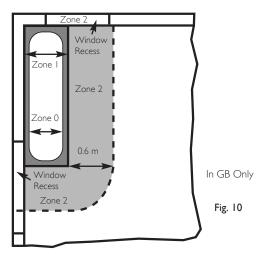


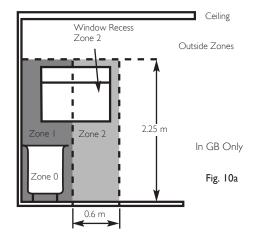
IMPORTANT

· Any wiring to the boiler, from either the mains or an external control, MUST be cable of the following specification:-

0.75mm 3183Y multi strand flexible cable conforming to BS 50525-2-11.

- Cable of the above specification is sufficiently flexible to withstand normal regular opening and closing of the facia/control box as expected during routine servicing and other maintenance work.
- Use ONLY cable glands supplied with the boiler, or provided as spares by the manufacturer.
- Under no circumstances must solid core cable be used as it is not intended for applications where movement may occur. The use of solid core cable could result in situations potentially hazardous to health.
- These points must be considered when initially wiring the boiler to the installation, and if replacing any wiring during the service life of the boiler.





7.0 Site Requirement

7.4 Gas Supply

- 1. The gas installation should be in accordance with the relevant standards. In GB this is BS 6891 (NG) or BS 5482 Pt. I (LPG). In IE this is the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".
- 2. The connection to the appliance is a 22mm copper tail located at the rear of the gas service cock (Fig. 9).
- 3. Ensure that the pipework from the meter to the appliance is of adequate size, and the demands of any other gas appliances in the property are taken into consideration. Do not use pipes of a smaller diameter than the boiler gas connection (22mm) UNLESS the stated gas rate can be achieved with pipe of lesser diameter and with all other gas appliances operating at maximum rate.

7.5 Electrical Supply

- 1. External wiring must be correctly earthed, polarised and in accordance with relevant regulations/rules. In GB this is the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations. In IE reference should be made to the current edition of ETCI rules.
- 2. The mains supply is 230V \sim 50H_{$_{7}$} fused at 3A.

NOTE: The method of connection to the electricity supply must facilitate complete electrical isolation of the appliance.

Connection may be via a fused double-pole isolator with a contact separation of at least 3mm in all poles and servicing the boiler and system controls only.

7.6 Bath & Shower Rooms

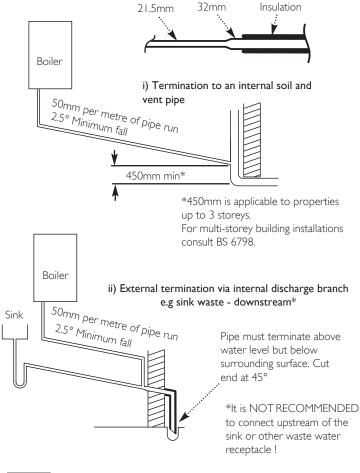
- 1. Boilers fitted with optional plug-in integral timer, RFQ receiver or thermostat CANNOT be fitted in any zone.
- 2. If the boiler is fitted in a room containing a bath or shower and NOT FITTED with any optional integral timer or thermostat, it can be fitted in zone 2, (Figs. 10 & 10a shows zone dimensions for a bathtub. For other examples refer to the Current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations) reference must be made to the relevant requirements.

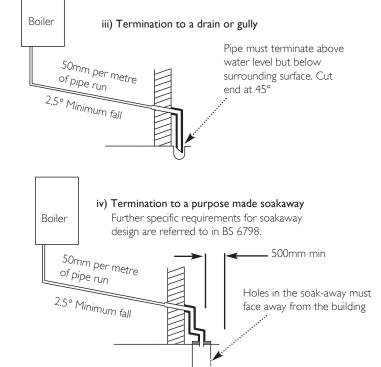
In GB this is the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations and Building Regulations.

In IE reference should be made to the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations" and the current ETCI Examples are shown of the following methods of termination:-

- i) to an internal soil & vent pipe
- ii) via an internal discharge branch (e.g. sink waste) downstream of the trap
- iii) to a drain or gully
- iv) to a purpose made soakaway
- v) pumped into an internal discharge branch (e.g. sink waste) downstream of the trap
- vi) pumped into an external soil & vent pipe
- vii) to a drain or gully with extended external run & trace heating

It is strongly recommended to discharge internally into the household drainage system. If connecting to a rain water drain, that drain MUST discharge into a foul drain.





7.0 Site Requirements

7.7 Condensate Drain

FAILURE TO INSTALL THE CONDENSATE DISCHARGE PIPEWORK CORRECTLY WILL AFFECT THE RELIABLE OPERATION OF THE BOILER.

CAREFUL CONSIDERATION MUST BE GIVEN TO THE POSSIBILITY OF THE PIPEWORK BEING SUBJECT TO FREEZING CONDITIONS AND APPROPRIATE MEASURES TAKEN TO PREVENT BLOCKAGE. CORRECT INSTALLATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION WILL CONSIDERABLY MINIMISE THE LIKELIHOOD OF BLOCKAGE AND SUBSEOUENT **BOILER LOCK-OUT.**

A CONDENSATE DISCHARGE PUMP AND PIPE 'TRACE HEATING' ARE AVAILABLE AS ACCESSORIES - see paragraphs 7.7.12 to 7.715 for further details.

The condensate discharge pipe MUST NOT RISE at any point along its length. There MUST be a fall of AT LEAST 2.5° (50mm per metre) along the entire run EXCEPT when employing a suitable condensate pump in basement and cellar or similar applications.

The boiler condensate trap incorporates a seal of 75mm, therefore it is unnecessary to install an air break and trap in the discharge pipework.

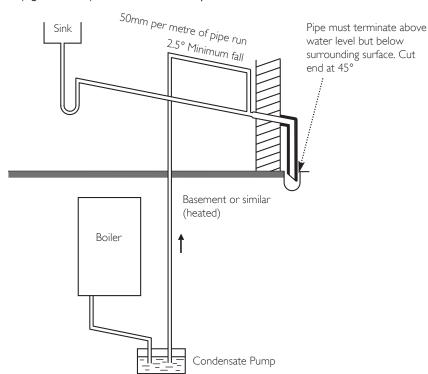
1. The condensate outlet will accept 21.5mm (3/4in) plastic overflow pipe. It is strongly recommended that this discharges internally into the household drainage system.

Where this is not possible, discharge into an outside drain is permissible providing every possible precaution is taken to prevent freezing.

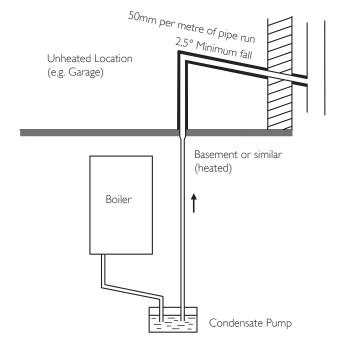
- 2. Ensure the discharge of condensate complies with any national or local regulations in force. BS 6798 & Part HI of the Building Regulations give further detailed guidance.
- 3. The discharge pipe should be run in a proprietary drain pipe material e.g. PVC, PVC-U, ABS, PVC-C or PP.
- 4. Metal pipework is NOT suitable for use in condensate discharge systems.
- 5. The pipe should be a minimum of 21.5mm diameter and must be supported using suitably spaced clips of the correct design to prevent sagging.
- 6. It is advisable that the full length of condensate pipe is run internally and preferably be less than 3 metres.
- 7. Internal runs greater than 3 metres or runs in cold areas should use 32mm waste pipe.
- 8. External runs MUST be a MINIMUM of 32mm and fully insulated with material suitable for external use.
- 9. If the boiler is fitted in an unheated location the entire condensate discharge pipe should be treated as an external run and sized and insulated accordingly.
- 10. In all cases discharge pipe must be installed to aid disposal of the condensate. To reduce the risk of condensate being trapped, as few bends and fittings as possible should be used and any burrs on cut pipe removed.
- 11. When discharging condensate into a soil stack or waste pipe the effects of existing plumbing must be considered. If soil pipes or waste pipes are subjected to internal pressure fluctuations when WC's are flushed or sinks emptied then back-pressure may force water out of the boiler trap and cause appliance lockout.

17

v) pumped into an internal discharge branch (e.g. sink waste) downstream of the trap



vi) pumped into an external soil & vent pipe

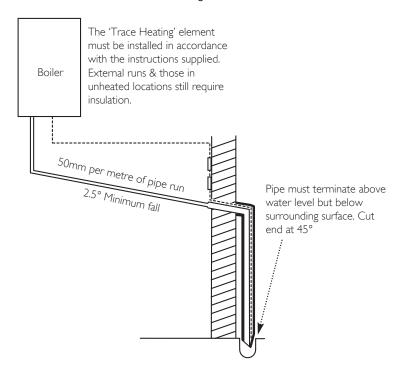


7.0 Site Requirements

7.7 Condensate Drain (cont.)

- 12. A boiler discharge pump is available, 'Multifit' part no. 720648301. This pump will dispose of both condensate & high temperature water from the relief valve. It has a maximum head of 5 metres. Follow the instructions supplied with the pump.
- 13. Condensate Drain Pipe 'Trace Heating' Elements are available in various lengths. 'Multifit' part nos.:-
 - I metre 720644401
 - 2 metre 720664101
 - 3 metre 720664201
 - 5 metre 720664401*
- *Where the drain is between 3 & 5 metres a 5 metre kit can be used and "doubled back" upon itself.
- 14. It is possible to fit the element externally on the condensate drain or internally as detailed in the instructions provided.
- 15. The fitting of a 'Trace Heating' Element is NOT a substitute for correct installation of the condensate drain. ALL requirements in this section must still be adhered to.

vii) to a drain or gully with extended external run & trace heating



	Terminal Position with Minimum Distance (Fig. 12)	(mm)
$A^{ }$	Directly below an opening, air brick, opening	
	windows, etc.	300
В	Above an opening, air brick, opening window etc.	300
Cl	Horizontally to an opening, air brick, opening window etc.	300
D_{3}	Below gutters, soil pipes or drain pipes.	25 (75)
E ²	Below eaves.	25 (200)
F ²	Below balconies or car port roof.	25 (200)
G ²	The second secon	25 (150)
H^2	From an internal or external comer.	25 (300)
1	Above ground, roof or balcony level.	300
J	From a surface or boundary line facing a terminal.	600
Κ	From a terminal facing a terminal (Horizontal flue).	1200
	From a terminal facing a terminal (Vertical flue).	600
L	From an opening in carport (e.g. door, window)	
	into the dwelling.	1200
Μ	Vertically from a terminal on the same wall.	1500
Ν	Horizontally from a terminal on the same wall.	300
R	From adjacent wall to flue (vertical only).	300
S	From an adjacent opening window (vertical only).	1000
Т	Adjacent to windows or openings on pitched and flat roofs	600
U	Below windows or openings on pitched roofs	2000

 $^{
m I}$ In addition, the terminal should be no nearer than 150 mm to an opening in the building fabric formed for the purpose of accommodating a built-in element such as a window frame.

² Only **ONE** 25mm clearance is allowed per installation. If one of the dimensions D, E, F, G or H is 25mm then the remainder MUST be as shown in brackets, in accordance with B.S.5440-1.

NOTE: The distance from a fanned draught appliance terminal installed parallel to a boundary may not be less than 300mm in accordance with the diagram below

a flue terminal guard

7.0 Site Requirements

7.8 Flue

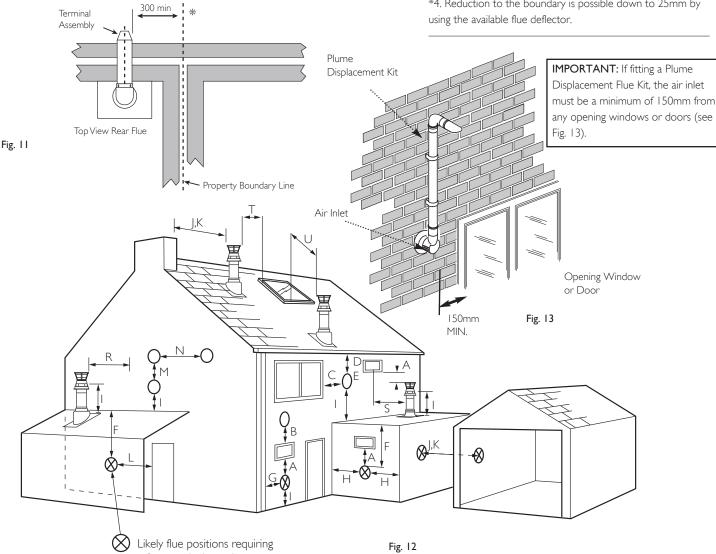
NOTE: Due to the nature of the boiler a plume of water vapour will be discharged from the flue. This should be taken into account when siting the flue terminal.

- I. The following guidelines indicate the general requirements for siting balanced flue terminals. For GB recommendations are given in BS 5440 Pt 1. For IE recommendations are given in the current edition of I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".
- 2. If the terminal discharges onto a pathway or passageway, check that combustion products will not cause a nuisance and that the terminal will not obstruct the passageway.
- 3. If a terminal is less than 2 metres above a balcony, above ground or above a flat roof to which people have access, then a suitable terminal guard must be provided.

IMPORTANT:

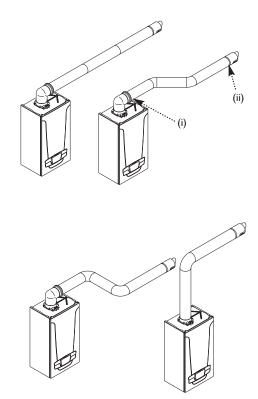
- Under car ports we recommend the use of the plume displacement kit.
- The terminal position must ensure the safe and nuisance - free dispersal of combustion products.

*4. Reduction to the boundary is possible down to 25mm by using the available flue deflector.



Plume Displacement Kit 60 /100 dia





Horizontal Flues

NOTE: Horizontal flue pipes should always be installed with a fall of at least 1.5° from the terminal to allow condensate to run back to the boiler.

This bend is equivalent to I metre

This bend is equivalent to I metre

Total equivalent length =

A+B+C+2 x 90° Bends

8.0 Flue Options

8.1 Horizontal Flue Systems

- I. The standard flue is suitable only for horizontal termination applications.
- 2. All fittings should be fully engaged. The approximate engagement is 40mm. Apply the lubricant supplied to the seal on each fitting to aid assembly.
- 3. Maximum permissible equivalent flue lengths are:-

(60/100)

(80/125)

Horizontal Concentric

10 metres

20 metres

4. Any additional "in line" bends in the flue system must be taken into consideration.

Their equivalent lengths are:-

Concentric Pipes:

135° bend

0.5 metres

93° bend

1.0 metres

5. The elbow supplied with the standard horizontal telescopic flue kit is not included in any equivalent length calculations.

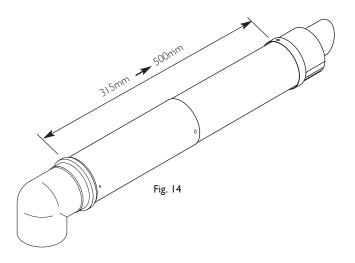
NOTE: Flue length is measured from point (i) to (ii) as shown.

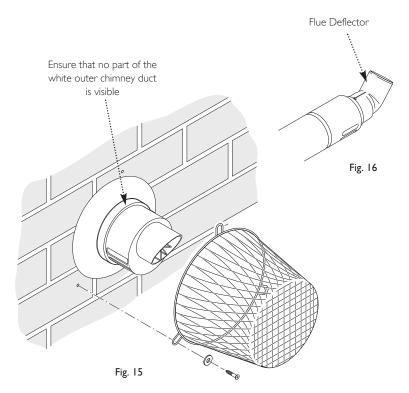
IMPORTANT

SUPPORT - All flue systems MUST be securely supported a MINIMUM of once every metre. It is recommended that every straight piece is supported irrespective of length. Additional supports are available as accessories.

VOIDS - Consideration must be given to flue systems in voids and the provision of adequate access for subsequent periodic visual inspection.

6. Read this section in conjunction with the Flue Installation Guide supplied with the boiler.





8.0 Flue Options

8.2 Flue Lengths

The standard horizontal telescopic flue kit allows for lengths between 315mm and 500mm from elbow to terminal without the need for cutting (Fig. 14).

Extensions of 250mm, 500mm & Im are available.

The maximum permissible equivalent flue length is:

10 metres (60/100 system - vertical & horizontal)
20 metres (80/125 system - vertical & horizontal)
8 metres (60/100 system - vertical connected to ridge terminal)

For details of Plume Displacement Kit lengths see the Flue Installation Guide supplied in the literature pack.

8.3 Flue Trim

I. The flexible flue trims supplied can be fitted on the outer and inner faces of the wall of installation.

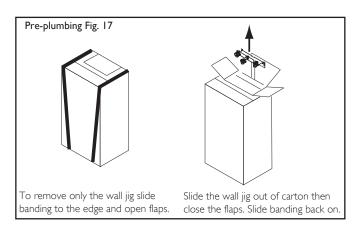
8.4 Terminal Guard (Fig. 15)

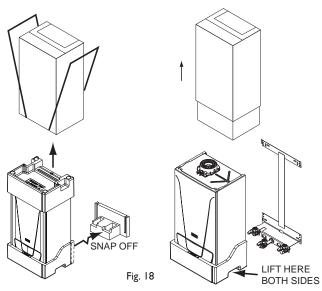
- I. When codes of practice dictate the use of terminal guards, 'Multifit' accessory part no. 720627901 can be used (**Note:** This is not compatible with Flue Deflector referred to below).
- 2. If a proprietary guard is used it must be identified as suitable for use with condensing boilers
- 3. There must be a clearance of at least 50mm between any part of the terminal and the guard.
- 4. The flue terminal guard should be positioned centrally over the terminal and fixed as illustrated.

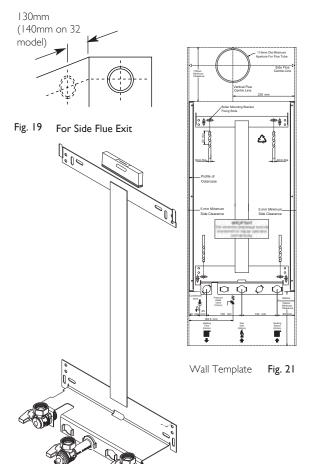
8.5 Flue Deflector (Fig. 16)

I. Push the flue deflector over the terminal end. It may point upwards as shown, or up to 45° either way from vertical. Secure the deflector to the terminal with screws provided.

8.6 Flue Accessories







9.0 Installation

Unpacking & Initial Preparation

IMPORTANT

RISK ASSESSMENT - Before commencing the installation it is recommended that the 'Five Steps to Risk Assessment' document published by the HSE is consulted, and an assessment performed as described.

GAS SUPPLY - The gas supply, gas type and pressure must be checked for suitability before connection (see Section 7.4).

- I. After considering the location position the fixing template on the wall ensuring it is level both horizontally and vertically.
- 2. Mark the position of the fixing slots for the wall jig indicated on the template.
- 3. Mark the position of the centre of the flue hole (rear exit). For side flue exit, mark as shown (Fig. 19).
- 4. If required, mark the position of the gas and water pipes. Remove the template (Fig. 21).
- 5. Cut the hole for the flue (minimum diameter 116mm).
- 6. Drill the wall as previously marked to accept the wall plugs supplied. Secure the wall jig using the fixing screws.
- 7. Using a spirit level ensure that the wall jig is level before finally tightening the screws (Fig. 20).
- 8. Connect the gas and water pipes to the valves on the wall jig using the copper tails supplied. Ensure that the sealing washers are fitted between the connections.

9.2 Flushing

I. Ensure that the system is thoroughly flushed and treated in accordance with guidance given in Section 6.2 & BS 7593.

9.3 Fitting The Boiler

1. Remove the sealing caps from the boiler connections.

NOTE: A small amount of water may drain from the boiler once the caps are removed.

- 2. Lift the boiler using the lower polystyrene. The boiler should be lifted by TWO PEOPLE. Engage the mounting bracket at the top rear of the boiler on the wall plate (Fig. 20) (see **Safe Manual Handling** page 5).
- 3. Insert the sealing washers between the valves, boiler connections and copper tails.
- 4. Tighten all the connections.

9.0 Installation

9.4 Fitting the Pressure Relief Discharge Pipe (Fig. 22)

- I. Remove the discharge pipe from the kit.
- 2. Determine the routing of the discharge pipe in the vicinity of the boiler. Make up as much of the pipework as is practical, including the discharge pipe supplied.

IMPORTANT: Make all soldered joints before connecting to the pressure relief valve. The relief valve is intentionally angled to the right of the boiler. DO NOT adjust the position of the valve. The discharge pipe must be installed before pressurising the system.

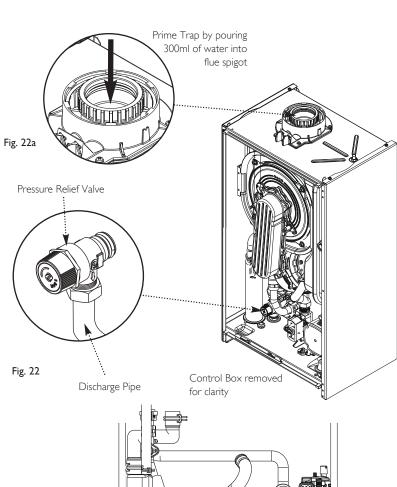
- 3. The pipework must be at least 15mm diameter and run continuously downwards to a discharge point outside the building. See section 6.7 for further details.
- 4. Utilising one of the sealing washers, connect the discharge pipe to the adaptor and tighten the nut hand tight, plus 1/4 turn to seal.
- 5. Complete the discharge pipework and route it to the outside discharge point.

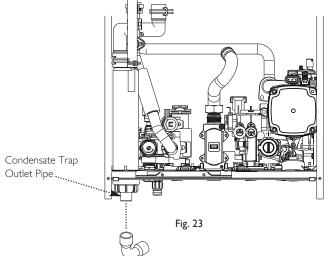
9.5 Condensate Drain (see section 7.7) (Fig. 23)

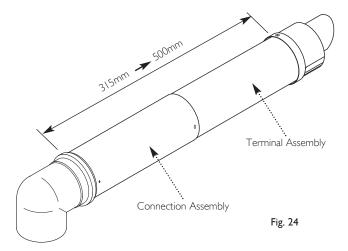
I. Using the elbow supplied, connect the condensate drain pipework to the boiler condensate trap outlet pipe. When connecting the elbow, ensure that the condensate sump is not inadvertently unscrewed.

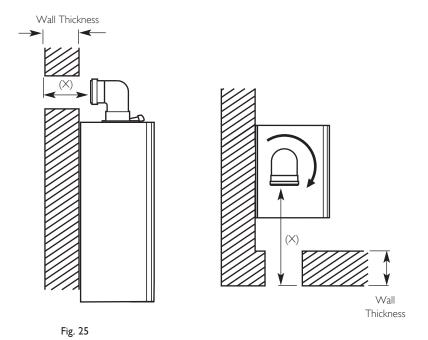
Ensure the discharge of condensate complies with any national or local regulations in force (see British Gas "Guidance Notes for the Installation of Domestic Gas Condensing Boilers" & HHIC recommendations).

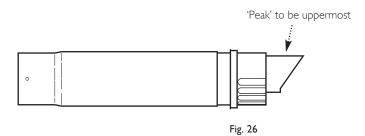
- 2. The hose will accept 21.5mm (³/₄in) plastic overflow pipe which should generally discharge internally into the household drainage system. If this is not possible, discharge into an outside drain is acceptable.
- 3. The boiler condensate trap should be primed by pouring approximately 300ml of water into the flue spigot (Fig. 22a). Do not allow any water to fall into the air inlet.











Cimension Sealing Tape Fig. 27 TOP' Label

9.0 Installation

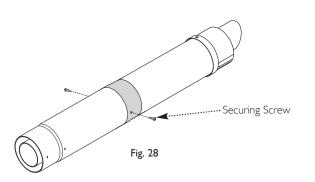
9.6 Fitting The Flue

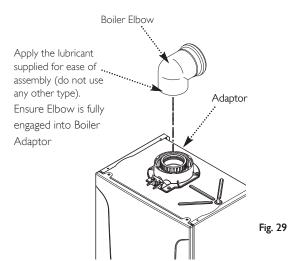
HORIZONTAL TELESCOPIC FLUE

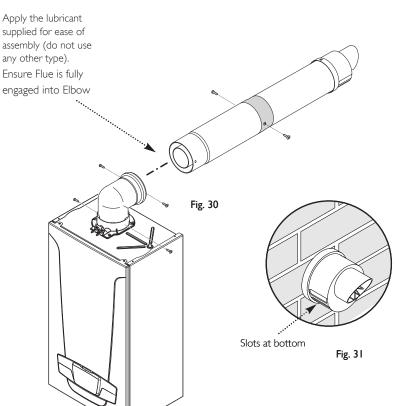
- I. There are two telescopic sections, the Terminal Assembly and the Connection Assembly, a roll of sealing tape and two self tapping screws. A 93° elbow is also supplied.
- 2. The two sections can be adjusted to provide a length between 315mm and 500mm (Fig. 24) when measured from the flue elbow (there is 40mm engagement into the elbow).
- 3. Locate the flue elbow on the adaptor at the top of the boiler. Set the elbow to the required orientation (Fig. 25).

NOTE: The flue elbow is angled at 93 degrees to ensure a fall back to the boiler.

- 4. Measure the distance from the outside wall face to the elbow. This dimension will be known as 'X' (Fig. 25).
- 5. If the distance from the flue elbow to the outside face of the wall ('X' in Fig. 25) is less than 250mm the Connection Assembly can be discarded and the Terminal Assembly fitted directly into the elbow.
- 6. In instances where the dimension 'X' (Fig. 25) is between 250mm and 315mm it will be necessary to shorten the Terminal Assembly by careful cutting to accommodate walls of these thicknesses.
- 7. To dimension 'X' add 40mm. This dimension to be known as 'Y'.
- 8. Adjust the two telescopic sections to dimension 'Y' and seal the joint with the tape provided (Fig. 27). Ensure that the labels marked 'TOP' on the Terminal and Connection Assemblies are uppermost.
- 9. Using the clearance holes in the Connection Assembly secure it to the Terminal Assembly using the screws supplied (Fig. 28).







9.0 Installation

9.6 Fitting the Flue (Cont)

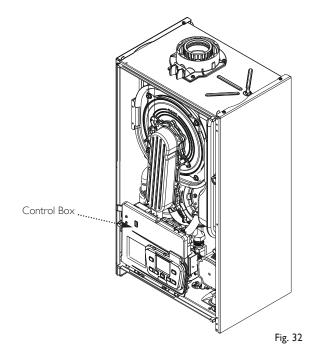
- 10. Remove the flue elbow and insert the flue through the hole in the wall. Fit the flue trims if required, and refit the elbow to the boiler adaptor, ensuring that it is pushed fully in (Fig. 29).
- II. Draw the flue back through the wall and engage it in the elbow. It may be necessary to lubricate to ease assembly of the elbow and flue (Fig. 30).
- 12. Ensure that the terminal is positioned with the slots to the bottom (Fig. 31). Secure the flue to the elbow with the screws supplied (Fig. 30).

IMPORTANT: It is essential that the flue terminal is fitted as shown to ensure correct boiler operation and prevent water entering the flue.

- 13. Make good between the wall and air duct outside the building, appropriate to the wall construction and fire rating.
- 14. If necessary fit a terminal guard (see Section 8.4).

IMPORTANT

- Any wiring to the boiler, from either the mains or an external control, MUST be cable of the following specification:-
- 0.75mm 3183/4/5Y (depending on installation) multi strand flexible cable conforming to BS 50525-2-11.
- Cable of the above specification is sufficiently flexible to withstand normal regular opening and closing of the facia/control box as expected during routine servicing and other maintenance work.
- Use ONLY cable glands supplied with the boiler, or provided as spares by the manufacturer.
- Under no circumstances must solid core cable be used as it is not intended for applications where movement may occur. The use of solid core cable could result in situations potentially hazardous to health.
- These points must be considered when initially wiring the boiler to the installation, and if replacing any wiring during the service life of the boiler.



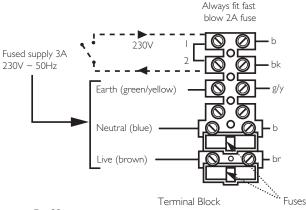


Fig. 33

9.0 Installation

9.7 Making The Electrical Connections

The boiler must be connected to the mains fused 3A 230V 50Hz supply & control system using cable of 3 core 0.75mm 3183Y multi strand flexible type (see IMPORTANT note opposite).

- I. Undo the securing screws and lift the case front panel off.
- 2. Disengage the securing tab and hinge the control box (Fig. 32) downwards. Undo the terminal block cover securing screw and remove the cover.
- 3. Slacken the gland nut in the left of the boiler lower panel and pass the mains cable through it. Remove the grommet adjacent to the gland nut, pierce the diaphragm and insert the cable from the external control system.
- 4. Leave sufficient slack in the cables to allow the Control Box to be hinged fully open. Tighten the gland nut and refit the grommet.
- 5. Connect the Earth, Permanent Live and Neutral wires to the terminal strip.

NOTE: Both the Permanent Live and Neutral connections are fused.

6. Refer to the instructions supplied with the external control(s).

IMPORTANT: The room thermostat **MUST** be suitable for 230V switching.

- 7. Remove the link between terminals | & 2. The switched output from the external control must be connected to terminal I. (Fig. 33).
- 8. Replace the terminal block cover.
- 9. See Section 18.0 for details of fitting the manufacturer supplied Optional Outdoor Sensor.

Preliminary Electrical Checks

- 1. Prior to commissioning the boiler preliminary electrical system checks should be carried out.
- 2. These should be performed using a suitable meter, and include checks for Earth Continuity, Resistance to Earth, Short Circuit and Polarity.

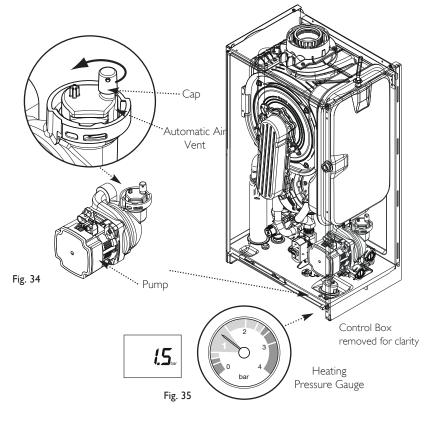




Fig. 36

Display showing Gas
Type Recognition





IMPORTANT: The combustion for this appliance has been checked, adjusted and preset at the factory for operation on the gas type specified on the appliance data plate. Do not adjust the air/gas ratio valve.

During the Gas Type Check Function the combustion ratio will increase for a short time while the gas type is established.

FUNCTION INTERRUPTION

10.0 Commissioning

10.1 Commissioning the Boiler

- I. Reference should be made to BS:EN 12828, 12831 & 14336 when commissioning the boiler. Ensure that the trap has been primed see Section 9.5 paragraph 3.
- 2. At the time of commissioning, complete all relevant sections of the Benchmark Checklist at the rear of this publication.
- 3. Open the mains water supply to the boiler and all hot water taps to purge the DHW system.
- 4. Ensure that the filling loop is connected and open, then open the heating flow and return valves on the boiler. Ensure that the cap on the automatic air vent on the pump body is opened (Fig. 34).
- 5. The system must be flushed in accordance with BS 7593 (see Section 6.2) and the flushing agent manufacturers instructions.
- 6. Pressurise the system to 1.5 bar (Fig. 35) then close and disconnect the filling loop.
- 7. Test for gas tightness, turn the gas supply on and purge according to in GB BS 6891 and in IE I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations".

De-Aeration Function

- 8. When power is supplied to the boiler for the first time the software pressure will be displayed. followed by $\blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare$. However if b is shown, press b R for 2 to 4 seconds . $\blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare$ will now be displayed.
- 9. Press iP & m+ together and hold for at least 6 seconds. The 'De-Aeration' Function will be activated and 'On' displayed.
- 10. The boiler pump will run for up to 10 minutes during which time the diverter valve will switch between heating & hot water. This will purge air from the system. The display will show **3** 12.

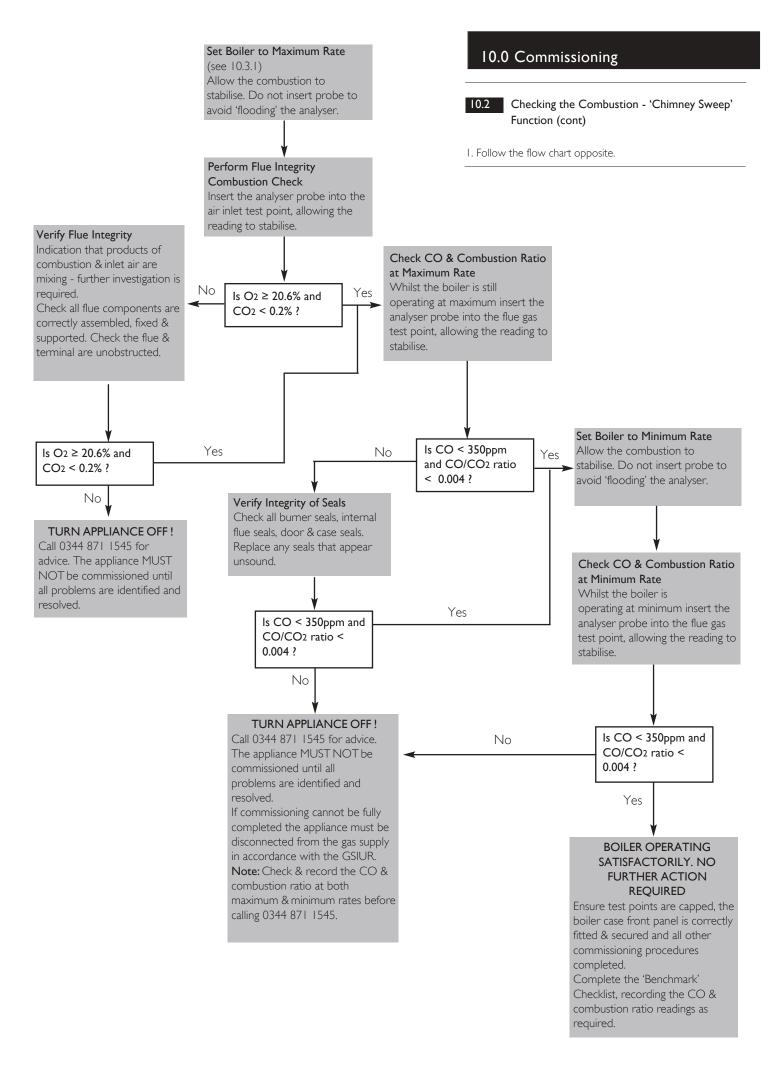
Gas Type Check

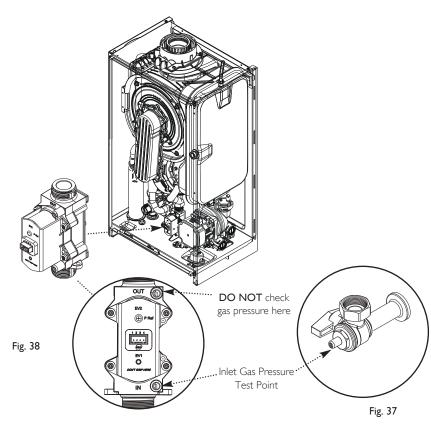
- II. Once de-aeration is complete the boiler will go automatically to first fire-up and run at the Ignition Phase fan speed for 3 or 4 minutes to check the gas type (N.G. or Propane L.P.G.). The boiler software checks the combustion value against the set value.

 1000 will be displayed, alternating with a figure representing the Ignition Phase speed, e.g. '33' or '43' (Note: Each boiler model will display a different figure).
- 12. The boiler is factory set for Natural Gas. On a Natural Gas Supply $\prod_{\substack{\text{unif} \ 0}} \mathbf{L}$ will be displayed and the boiler is ready for the Inlet Pressure & Gas Rate to be checked (Section 10.2).
- 13. IMPORTANT: In cases where the supplied gas is Propane gas $\begin{subarray}{c} {\cal LP}_{\tt mir} {\it G} \\ \end{subarray}$ will be displayed. Press $\it j$ $\it P$ for at least 6 seconds to confirm that this is the intended gas type for the installation.
- 14. IF THE BOILER IS TO BE OPERATED ON PROPANE A SUITABLE PERMANENT MARKER PEN MUST BE USED TO ALTER THE 'GAS SETTING INFORMATION' LABEL ADJACENT TO THE DATA LABEL!

15. Having checked:

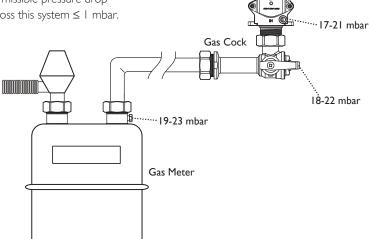
- That the boiler has been installed in accordance with these instructions.
- The integrity of the flue system and the flue seals.
- The integrity of the boiler combustion circuit and the relevant seals.





Working Gas Pressures (N.G.)

If the pressure drops are greater than shown a problem with the pipework or connections is indicated.
Permissible pressure drop across this system ≤ | mbar.



Gas Valve

Changing the Gas Type

- I. It may be necessary to adjust the boiler gas type if the supply is changed, for example when Natural Gas is provided to a rural area previously reliant on Propane. In these instances a replacement Gas Type Label may be required, which is available on request as a spare part.
- 2. Press **IIII** & **IIII** + and hold for at least 6 seconds. ^p **I** will be displayed, alternating with **III**.
- 3. Press \mathbf{III}^* + to select the next parameter * $\mathbf{II2}$. Press \mathbf{iP} .
- 4. Press **IIII –** or **IIII +** to select the value that corresponds with the required gas type. For Natural Gas:- **III**For Propane:- **II**
- 5. Press $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{p}$ to save the change, then $\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{R}}$ to return to the normal display.

10.0 Commissioning

10.3 Check the Operational (Working) Gas Inlet Pressure & Gas Rate

Note: The system MUST be cold to ensure the boiler is operating under full demand. To obtain an accurate measurement it is recommended that the heating circuit and hot water cylinder are cold and full demand applied in order to maintain the boiler output.

- I. Press iP & **|||||*** + together and hold for at least 6 seconds. 'On' will be displayed briefly, followed by '304' then '100' when the boiler is lit, indicating the CH output is at MAXIMUM ('Chimney Sweep Function').
- 2. With the boiler operating in the maximum rate condition check that the operational (working) gas pressure at the inlet gas pressure test point on the gas cock or valve is in accordance with B.S. 6798 & B.S. 6891. This must be AT LEAST 17mb! (LPG 37mb)
- 3. Ensure that this inlet pressure can be obtained with all other gas appliances in the property working.

Measure the Gas Rate

4. With any other appliances & pilot lights turned OFF the gas rate can be measured. It should be:-

Natural Gas	12 model	m³/h	1.27
	15 model	m³/h	1.59
	18 model	m³/h	1.90
	24 model	m³/h	2.54
	28 model	m³/h	2.96
Propane	12 model	kg/h	0.93
	15 model	kg/h	1.17
	18 model	kg/h	1.40
	24 model	kg/h	1.86
	28 model	kg/h	2.18

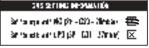
- 5. Press $i P \& IIII^+$ together and hold for at least 6 seconds to exit the function.
- 6. Carefully read and complete all sections of the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist at the rear of this publication that are relevant to the boiler and installation. These details will be required in the event of any warranty work. The publication must be handed to the user for safe keeping and each subsequent regular service visit recorded.
- 7. For IE, it is necessary to complete a "Declaration of Conformity" to indicate compliance with I.S. 813. An example of this is given in I.S. 813 "Domestic Gas Installations". This is in addition to the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist.

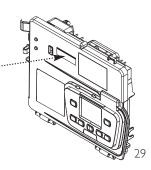
Gas Type Label

N.G. Factory Set

Street and Market Constitution Server and Art (Market Constitution of Const

When reset for L.P.G.





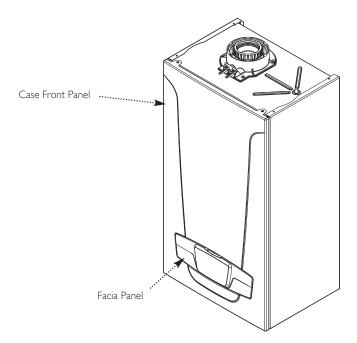


Fig. 39

To change the information displayed see the table below:-

The ${l}$ ${P}$ button can be pressed so that the display shows the following information:-

I press - '00' alternates with Sub-Code (only when fault on boiler) or '000'

2 presses - '01' alternates with CH Flow Temperature

3 presses - '02' alternates with Outside Temperature (where Sensor fitted)

4 presses - '03' alternates with DHW Temperature

5 presses - '04' alternates with DHW Temperature

6 presses - '05' alternates with System Water Pressure

7 presses - '06' alternates with CH Return Temperature

8 presses - '07' alternates with Flue Temperature

9 presses - '08' alternates with Heat Exchanger Temperature

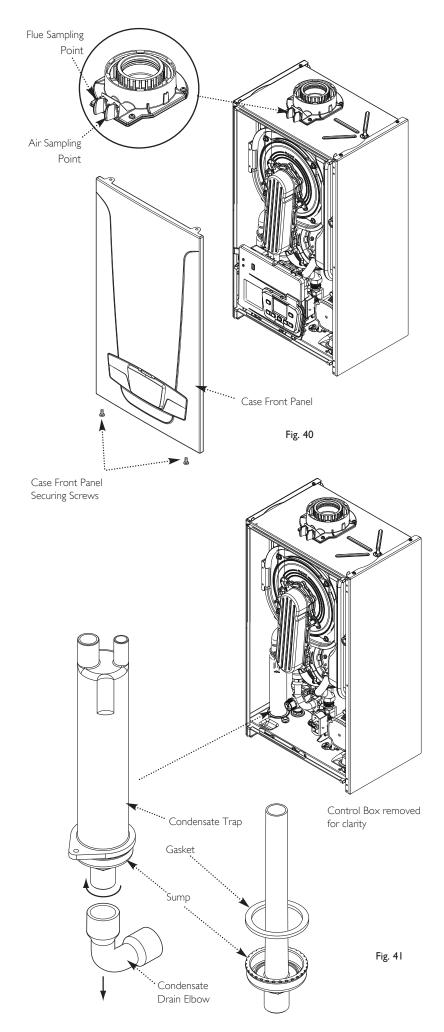
11.0 Completion & System Draining

II.I Completion

- I. Replace the case front panel, and secure with the screws previously removed.
- 2. This publication must be handed to the user for safe keeping and each subsequent regular service visit recorded.
- 3. Set the central heating and hot water temperatures to the requirements of the user. Instruct the user in the operation of the boiler and system.
- 4. Instruct the user in the operation of the boiler controls. Hand over the User Guide & Installation and Service Manual, giving advice on the necessity of regular servicing.
- 5. Demonstrate to the user the action required if a gas leak occurs or is suspected. Show them how to turn off the gas supply at the meter control, and advise them not to operate electric light or power switched, and to ventilate the property.
- 6. Show the user the location of the system control isolation switch, and demonstrate its operation.
- 7. Advise the user that they may observe a plume of vapour from the flue terminal, and that it is part of the normal operation of the boiler.

11.2 System Draining

- I. If at any time after installation it is necessary to drain the central heating system (e.g. after replacing a radiator) the De-Aeration Function should be activated.
- 2. On refilling the system ensure that there is no heating or hot water demand, but that there is power to the boiler.
- 3. Press i P & IIII' together and hold for at least 6 seconds. The 'De-Aeration' Function will be activated.
- 4. The boiler pump will run for up to 10 minutes during which time the diverter valve will switch between heating & hot water. This will purge air from the system. The display will show **3** 12.
- 5. Once De-Aeration is complete set the external controls as required by the user.



12.0 Servicing

12.1 Performance Safety Check & Annual Servicing

- I. For reasons of safety and economy, it is recommended that the boiler is serviced annually. Servicing must be performed by a competent person in accordance with B.S. 7967-4.
- 2. After servicing, complete the relevant Service Interval Record section of the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist at the rear of this publication.

IMPORTANT: During routine servicing, and after any maintenance or change of part of the combustion circuit, the following must be checked:-

- The integrity of the complete flue system and the flue seals (check air inlet sample).
- The integrity of the boiler combustion circuit and relevant seals as described in Section 12.2.
- The operational gas inlet pressure as described in Section 10.3.1 to 10.3.7 and the gas rate as described in 10.3.4.
- The combustion performance as described in 'Check the Combustion Performance' (12.1.4 to 12.1.6 below).

3. Competence to carry out Checking Combustion Performance

B.S. 6798 'Specification for Installation & Maintenance of Gas Fired Boilers not exceeding 70kW' advises that:-

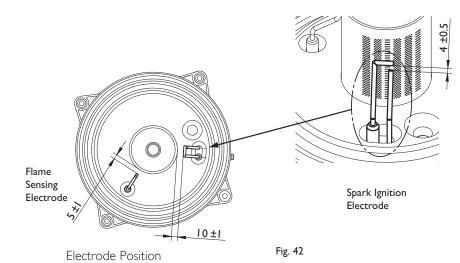
- The person carrying out a combustion measurement should have been assessed as competent in the use of a flue gas analyser and the interpretation of the results.
- The flue gas analyser used should be one meeting the requirements of BS7927 or BS-EN50379-3 and be calibrated in accordance with the analyser manufacturers' requirements.
- Competence can be demonstrated by satisfactory completion of the CPAT ACS assessment, which covers the use of electronic portable combustion gas analysers in accordance with BS 7967, Parts T to 4.

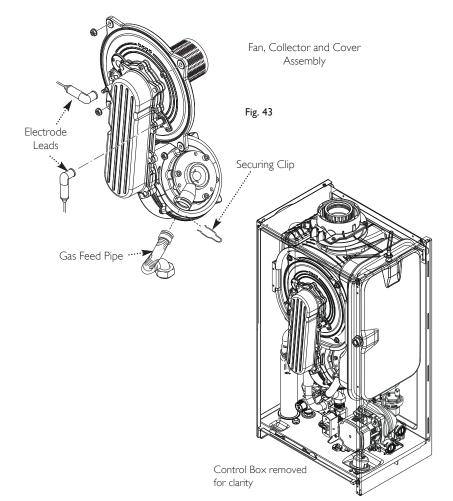
Check the Combustion Performance (CO/CO₂ ratio)

- 4. Set the boiler to operate at maximum rate as described in Section 14.1.1 to 14.1.6.
- 5. Remove the plug from the flue sampling point, insert the analyser probe and obtain the CO/CO_2 ratio. This must be less than 0.004.
- 6. If the combustion reading (CO/CO ratio) is greater than this, and the integrity of the complete flue system and combustion circuit seals has been verified, and the inlet gas pressure and gas rate are satisfactory either:
- Perform the 'Annual Servicing Inspection' (Section 12.2) & re-check.
- Perform the Combustion & Calibration functions (Section 14.0) & re-check.
- Replace the gas valve (Section 13.23) & re-check.

12.2 Annual Servicing - Inspection

- I. Ensure that the boiler is cool.
- 2. Ensure that both the gas and electrical supplies to the boiler are isolated.
- 3. Remove the screws securing the case front panel. Lift the panel slightly to disengage it from the studs on top of the case (Fig. 40) and hinge down the Control Box.
- 4. Disconnect the condensate drain elbow and unscrew the sump from the bottom of the condensate trap assembly (Fig. 41). Remove any deposits from the sump and trap. Clean as necessary and replace the sump.





12.0 Servicing

12.2 Annual Servicing Inspection (Cont)

- 5. Remove the clip securing the gas feed pipe to the air/gas venturi. Disconnect the pipe. Do not break the joint between the pipe and gas valve unless necessary.
- 6. Disconnect the electrode leads, noting their position, and the fan electrical plugs (Fig. 46).
- 7. Undo the four nuts retaining the combustion box cover to the heat exchanger.
- 8. Carefully draw the fan, collector and cover assembly forward (Figs. 46).
- 9. Clean any debris from the heat exchanger and check that the gaps between the tubes are clear.
- 10. Inspect the burner, electrodes position and insulation, cleaning or replacing if necessary. Clean any dirt or dust from the air box.
- II. Carefully examine all seals, insulation & gaskets, replacing as necessary. Look for any evidence of leaks or corrosion, and if found determine & rectify the cause.

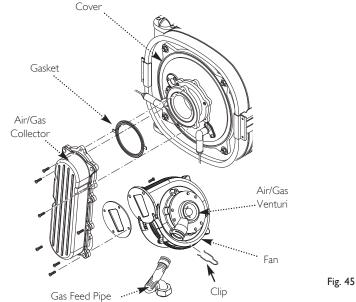
Expansion Vessel Charge - 1.0 bar

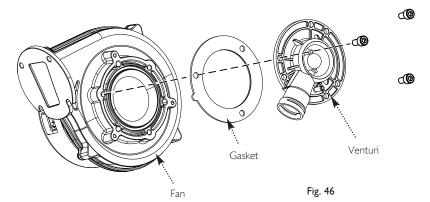
12. To check the charge accurately ensure the system is cold. It is also necessary to relieve the pressure by draining the boiler. Using a suitable gauge check the pressure at the valve on the underside of the vessel. Adjust the pressure as required and repressurise the system.

Note: A right angled valve extension will aid checking and repressurising.

- 13. Recommission the boiler as described in Section 10.0.
- 14. Complete the relevant Service Interval Record section of the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist at the rear of this publication and then hand it back to the user.
- 15. Reassemble in reverse order, ensuring the front case panel is securely fitted.

Spark Ignition Electrode Electrode Leads Flame Sensing Electrode Fig. 44 Control Box removed for clarity





13.0 Changing Components

IMPORTANT: When changing components ensure that both the gas and electrical supplies to the boiler are isolated before any work is started. When the component has been changed recommission the boiler as described in Section 10.0. Always examine any seals or gaskets, replacing where necessary. The Case Front Panel MUST seal effectively against the air box side panels.

See Section 12.1 "Annual Servicing" for removal of case panel, door etc.

13.1 Spark Ignition & Flame Sensing Electrodes (Fig. 44)

- 1. Disconnect the electrode leads, noting their positions.
- 2. Remove the retaining screws securing each of the electrodes to the combustion box cover and remove the electrodes.
- 3. Check the condition of the sealing gaskets and replace if necessary. Reassemble in reverse order.
- 4. After changing the Flame Sensing Electrode check the combustion see Section 14.1.
- 5. When satisfactory combustion readings are not obtained ensure the electrode position is correct and perform the combustion check again.

13.2 Fan (Fig. 45)

- I. Remove the clip securing the gas feed pipe to the air/gas venturi. Disconnect the pipe.
- 2. Undo the screws securing the air/gas collector to the extension piece and disconnect the fan electrical plugs (Fig. 45).
- 3. Remove the collector and fan assembly, being careful to retain the gasket.
- 4. Undo the screws securing the fan to the collector. Retain the gasket.
- 5. Undo the screws securing the venturi to the fan (noting its position) and transfer to the new fan, replacing the seal if necessary.
- 6. Examine the gasket(s) and replace if necessary.
- 7. Reassemble in reverse order and perform the Calibration Function see Section 14.2.

13.3 Air/Gas Venturi (Figs. 45 & 46)

- I. Remove the clip securing the gas feed pipe to the venturi.
- 2. Undo the screws securing the collector to the extension piece and disconnect the fan electrical plugs.
- 3. Remove the collector and fan assembly, being careful to retain the gasket.
- 4. Undo the screws securing the venturi to the fan (noting its position) and fit the new venturi, replacing the seal if necessary.
- 5. Examine the gasket and replace if necessary.
- 6. After changing the venturi check the combustion see Section 14.1.

Cover Gasket Extension Piece Gasket Fig. 47 Collector Control Box removed for clarity Heat Exchange Rear Insulation Air/Gas Collector Spark Ignition Electrode Cover Insulation Seal Fig. 48 Electrode Flame Sensing

13.0 Changing Components

13.4 Burner (Fig. 47)

- I. Remove the clip securing the gas feed pipe to the air/gas venturi and disconnect the fan electrical plugs.
- 2. Undo the screws securing the air/gas collector to the extension piece. Note its orientation and remove the extension piece (where fitted) from the cover.
- 3. Undo the screws securing the burner. Withdraw the burner from the cover and replace with the new one.
- 4. Examine the gasket(s), replacing if necessary.

Note: Where the extension piece is fitted the two gaskets are not the same!

5. After changing the burner check the combustion. - see Section 14.1.

13.5 Insulation (Fig. 48)

- I. Remove the clip securing the gas feed pipe to the air/gas venturi and disconnect the fan electrical plugs.
- 2. Remove the electrodes as described in section 13.1.
- 3. Undo the nuts holding the cover to the heat exchanger. Draw the air/gas collector, fan and cover assembly away.
- 4. Remove the cover insulation piece.
- 5. Fit the new insulation carefully over the burner and align it with the slots for the electrodes.
- 6. If the rear insulation requires replacement, remove it and all debris from the heat exchanger. Also it may be necessary to separately remove the spring clip from the pin in the centre of the heat exchanger and the 'L' shaped clips embedded in the insulation.
- 7. Do not remove the shrink-wrapped coating from the replacement rear insulation. Keep the insulation vertical and press firmly into position.
- 8. Examine the cover seal and replace if necessary. Reassemble in reverse order.

Leads

Electrode

13.0 Changing Components

13.6 Flue Sensor (Fig. 49)

- I. For ease of access remove the Expansion Vessel as described in Section 13.16.
- 2. Ease the retaining tab on the sensor away and disconnect the electrical plug.
- 3. Turn the sensor 90° anticlockwise to remove it is a bayonet connection.
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order.

13.7 Heating Flow & Return Sensors (Fig. 50)

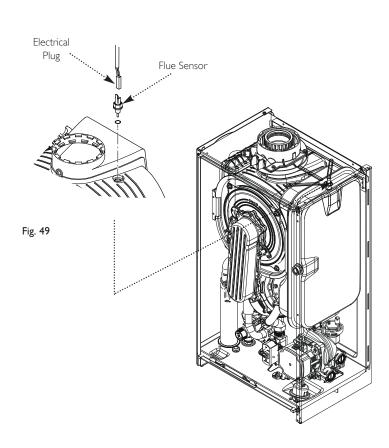
- I. There is one sensor on the flow (red wires) and one sensor on the return (blue wires). **Note**: For access to the return sensor first remove the fan and air/gas collector (see I 3.2).
- 2. After noting the position prise the sensor clip off the pipe and disconnect the plug.
- 3. Connect the plug to the new sensor and ease the clip onto the pipe as close to the heat exchanger as possible.

13.8 Safety Thermostat (Fig. 50)

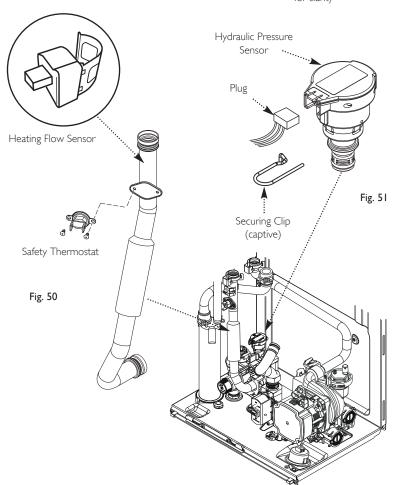
- I. Pull the plug off the safety thermostat.
- 2. Remove the screws securing the thermostat to the mounting plate on the flow pipe.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order, ensuring that the plug is pushed fully on.

13.9 Hydraulic Pressure Sensor (Fig. 51)

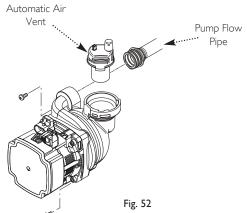
- I. Close the flow and return isolation taps and drain the primary circuit. Remove the fan and collector assembly.
- 2. Remove the plug from the sensor and pull the retaining clip forwards. The clip is captive and does not need to be fully removed.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order.



Control Box removed for clarity



Control Box removed for clarity



13.0 Changing Components

13.10 Pump - Complete (Fig. 52)

- 1. Disconnect the electrical supply plugs from the pump.
- 2. Close the flow and return isolation taps and drain the boiler primary circuit. For ease of access remove the heating pressure gauge (13.13).
- 3. Undo the three screws securing the body to the inlet assembly and pump flow pipe. Draw the complete pump forwards.
- 4. Remove the automatic air vent and transfer to the new pump body.
- 5. Examine the 'O' ring seals, replacing if necessary and reassemble in reverse order.

13.11 Automatic Air Vent (Fig. 52)

- 1. See Section 13.21 to remove the expansion vessel. Close the flow and return isolation taps and drain the primary circuit.
- 2. The automatic air vent is a bayonet fitting. Remove by twisting anticlockwise.
- 3. Fit the new automatic air vent, ensuring the 'O' ring is fitted and the cap is open . Reassemble in reverse order.

13.0 Changing Components

13.12 Safety Pressure Relief Valve (Fig. 53)

- I. Close the flow and return isolation taps and drain the primary circuit.
- 2. For access remove the screws securing the condensate trap, and pull off the pipe from the heat exchanger. Ease the trap to one side.
- 3. Disconnect the discharge pipe from the pressure relief valve and remove the sealing grommet.
- 4. Pull off the clip retaining the valve and withdraw it from the outlet assembly.
- 5. Fit the new valve and 'O' ring seal and reconnect the discharge pipe. Ensure the grommet is in place to maintain the integrity of the case seal. Refit the condensate trap.

13.13 Heating Pressure Gauge (Figs. 54 & 55)

- I. Close the flow and return isolation taps and drain the primary circuit.
- 2. Remove the gauge from the boiler lower panel.
- 3. Remove the clip securing the pressure gauge capillary.
- 4. Fit the new gauge, ensuring that the capillary is routed to prevent any sharp bends. Reassemble in reverse order and ensure the gauge is firmly in position to maintain the integrity of the case seal.

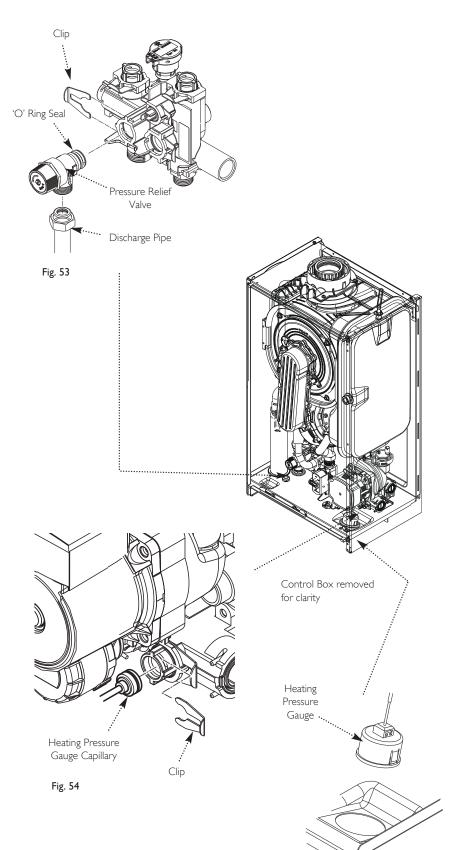
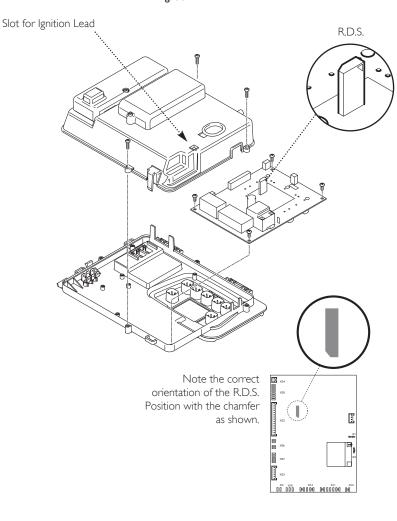


Fig. 55

Fig. 56



13.0 Changing Components

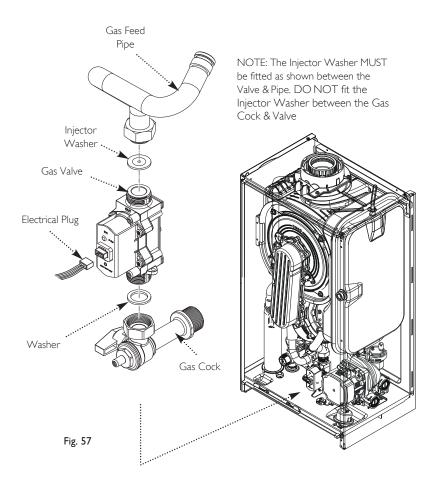
P.C.B. & R.D.S. (Removable Data Stick) (Fig. 56)

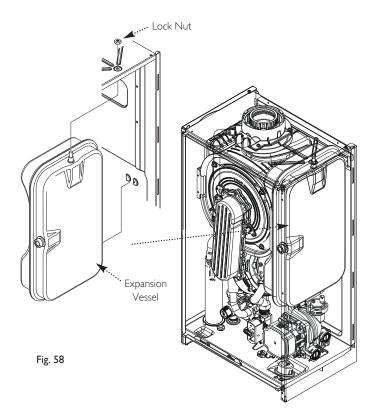
NOTE: Both P.C.B. and R.D.S. are available as spare parts. The P.C.B. is suitable for any boiler model. An R.D.S. specific to the boiler model output & gas type will be required if the R.D.S. from the original P.C.B. is not being transferred. It is recommended that P.C.B. and R.D.S. are replaced together.

- I. Ensure that the power to the boiler is isolated and wait 10 seconds.
- 2. Remove the screws securing the control box cover and release the cover retaining barbs from their slots.
- 3. Note the position of all plugs and wires on the P.C.B. and disconnect them.
- 4. Undo the securing screws and remove the P.C.B.

IMPORTANT: If only the P.C.B. is being replaced transfer the R.D.S. from the original board to the new one. Where both P.C.B. and R.D.S. are being replaced ensure the new R.D.S. is on new the board.

- 5. Reassemble in reverse order. Ensure that the ignition lead is connected correctly.
- 6. P.C.B. ONLY changed Check the Combustion see Section 14.1.
- 7. **P.C.B. & R.D.S. changed** enable the Calibration Function as described in Section 14.2, then Check the Combustion see Section 14.1.





13.0 Changing Components

13.15 Gas Valve (Fig. 57)

IMPORTANT: After replacing the valve the CO_2 must be calibrated as detailed in Section 14.0 Combustion & Calibration. Only change the valve if a suitable calibrated combustion analyser is available, operated by a competent person - see section 12.1.

- I. Turn the gas cock off and undo the nut under the boiler. Retain the washer.
- 2. Remove the electrical plug from the valve.
- 3. Undo the nut on the gas feed pipe and ease the pipe aside. It is recommended that the injector washer is changed as well.
- 4. Remove the screws securing the gas valve to the boiler bottom panel.
- 5. Reassemble in reverse order, ensuring the injector washer is in place, and perform the Calibration Function & Combustion Check see Sections 14.1 & 14.2.

NOTE: Check for gas tightness after replacing gas valve.

13.16 Expansion Vessel (Fig. 58)

I. Before replacing the vessel it is recommended that the pressure is checked if there are no apparent leaks or defects.

Expansion Vessel Charge - 1.0 bar

2. To check the charge accurately ensure the system is cold. It is also necessary to relieve the pressure by draining the boiler. Using a suitable gauge check the pressure at the valve on the underside of the vessel. Adjust the pressure as required and repressurise the system.

Note: A right angled valve extension will aid checking and repressurising.

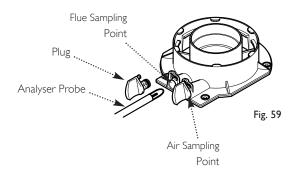
- 3. If the above procedure is unsuccessful replace the vessel as described below.
- 4. Close the flow and return isolation taps and drain the primary circuit.
- 5. Prise off the securing clip and disconnect the braided hose from the vessel, taking care as water may still be in the vessel.
- 6. Ensure that the hose is free of restriction as a boiler with a blocked hose will exhibit symptoms similar to one with a failed vessel.
- 7. Whilst supporting the vessel undo the locknut and manoeuvre the vessel out of the boiler.
- 8. Reassemble in reverse order.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT insert the Analyser Probe into the Test Point immediately. This will prevent saturation of the analyser.

During the Calibration Function the combustion ratio may increase for a short time while the boiler performance is optimised.

The person carrying out a combustion measurement should have been assessed as competent in the use of a flue gas analyser and the interpretation of the results.

The flue gas analyser used should be one meeting the requirements of BS7927 or BS-EN50379-3 and be calibrated in accordance with the analyser manufacturers' requirements.



14.3 Adjusting the CO₂

- I. Press ${}^{i}P$ & i together and hold for at least 6 seconds. 'On' will be displayed briefly, followed by '304' then the boiler CH output expressed as percentage i.e. '100'.
- 2. Press iP to select the adjustment function. '0' will alternate with '304'. Using the iP + buttons adjust '0' between '-3' & '3'.
- 3. Decreasing the value lowers the CO_2 , and selecting a higher value will increase CO_2 .
- 4. Once the correct CO₂ reading is achieved press j P to return to the fan speed selection.
- 5. Using \(\) or \(\) + to select the next fan speed. '00' indicates MINIMUM speed, the other speed (Ignition Phase) will be indicated by, for example '33' (this varies depending on boiler model).
- 6. Repeat step 2. above to adjust the CO₂.at Ignition Phase and Minimum fan speeds. Press \dot{j} P & $\parallel \parallel \parallel^{\bullet}$ + together and hold for at least 6 seconds to exit the function.

14.0 Combustion & Calibration

14.1 Checking the Combustion

1. Combustion should be:-

Natural Gas $9.0\% \text{ CO}_2 \pm 0.7$ Propane $10.5\% \text{ CO}_2 \pm 1.0$

at all 3 fan speeds:- '100' (Maximum), the Ignition Phase speed and '00' (Minimum).

- 2. Press j P & llll' + together and hold for at least 6 seconds. 'On' will be displayed briefly, followed by '304' then the boiler CH output expressed as percentage i.e. '100'. It may be necessary to open one or more hot taps in order to maintain the boiler at full rate.
- 3. Insert the analyser probe and once stabilised note the CO_2 reading.
- 4. Press \(\) to select the Ignition Phase Speed. A value will be displayed, e.g. '33'. Note the CO₂ reading.
- 5. Press **IIII'** again to select the Minimum Output. **'00'** will be displayed. Note the CO₂ reading.
- 6. If the CO₂ is not within the tolerances referred to above at any of the speeds, follow the procedure in **Section 14.3 opposite** to calibrate the boiler.
- 7. To exit the function press $\mathbf{j} P \& \mathbf{lll}^{\bullet} +$ together for 6 seconds.

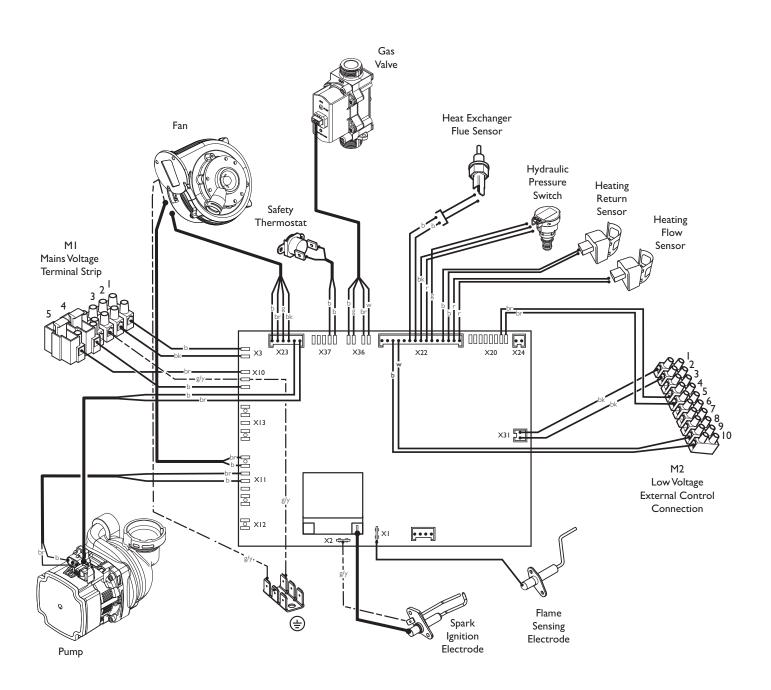
14.2 Calibration Function

IMPORTANT: Do not commence the Calibration Function whilst the burner is lit! The case front panel MUST be fitted.

NOTE: To obtain an accurate measurement on smaller capacity systems it may be necessary to open one or more hot taps in order to maintain the boiler at full rate.

- I. The function is activated by pressing buttons \mathbb{IIII}^- and \mathbb{O} R together for 6 seconds then quickly pressing button \mathbb{P} while O is displayed. The Ignition Phase fan speed code will then be displayed. Calibration will take approximately 5 minutes.
- 2. If ${}^{\prime}303^{\prime}$ is displayed, then the Calibration Function has not been activated correctly. Isolate and reinstate all power sources to the boiler and repeat the above.
- 3. The boiler will automatically calibrate at '100', the Ignition Phase speed then '00'. These represent the percentage of MAXIMUM fan speed (i.e. '00' is MINIMUM fan speed). Once the boiler has stabilised and self-calibrated at each fan speed the and symbols will be displayed before the next speed is automatically set.
- 4. When self-calibration is complete the boiler will run at MINIMUM fan speed ($^{\circ}00^{\circ}$ displayed). The following symbols will also be displayed $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ $^{\circ}$ hing together at regular intervals.
- 5. To exit the function press **OR**. **ESC** will be displayed and the calibration function completed.

15.1 Illustrated Wiring Diagram



Key To Wiring Colours

b - Blue r - Red

bk - Black g - Green

br - Brown g/y - Green/Yellow

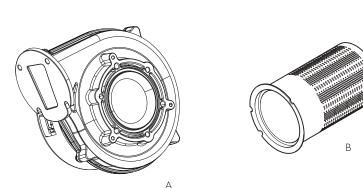
w - White y - Yellow

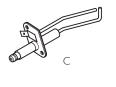
gr - Grey

16.0 Short Parts List

Short Parts List

Key No.	Description	Manufacturers Part No.
A	Fan	720768101
В	Bumer	7225221
С	Spark Ignition Electrode	720767301
D	Flame Sensing Electrode	720767101
E	Gas Valve	720752301
F	Safety Thermostat	720765301
G	Pump	7220533
Н	Heating Flow/Return Sensor	720747101
I	Pump Automatic Air Vent	720777601
J	Hydraulic Pressure Switch	720778001
K	Heating Pressure Gauge	720776601
L	Flue Sensor	5114747
М	PCB only	7678800
N	R.D.S 12 R.D.S 15 R.D.S 18 R.D.S 24 R.D.S 28 R.D.S 12 LPG	7678778 7678779 7678780 7678781 7678782 7678789
	R.D.S 15 LPG R.D.S 18 LPG R.D.S 24 LPG R.D.S 28 LPG	7678790 7678791 7678792 7678793
0	Injector Washer - 12 (Ø 3.0) Injector Washer - 15 (Ø 3.3) Injector Washer - 18 (Ø 3.6) Injector Washer - 24 (Ø 4.4) Injector Washer - 28 (Ø 4.6)	720821101 720821301 720821501 720751801 720775801
P	Air/Gas Venturi 12 Air/Gas Venturi 15 Air/Gas Venturi 18 Air/Gas Venturi 24 Air/Gas Venturi 28	720820701 720750301 720750501 720750701 720785401



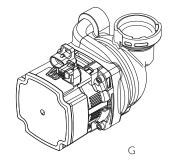






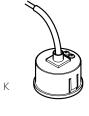














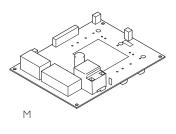








Table Of Error Codes

E 09	Gas Valve Connection Cable
E 15	Gas Valve Fault
E 20	Central Heating NTC Fault
E 28	Flue NTC Fault
E 40	Central Heating Return NTC Fault
E 55	Calibration Required
E 109	Pre-circulation Fault
E 110	Safety Thermostat Operated
E 117	Primary System Water Pressure Too High
E 118	Primary System Water Pressure Too Low
E 125	Circulation Fault (Primary)
E 128	Flame Failure
<i>E</i> 130	Flue NTC Operated
<i>E</i> 133	Interruption Of Gas Supply or Flame Failure
<i>E</i> 134	Elapsed Time - Gas Valve Open Without Gas
E 135	Interruption Of Gas Supply (Internal Error)
E 154	Flow/Return Sensor Temperature Test
E 160	Fan or Fan Wiring Fault
E 270	Circulation Fault (Dry Fire)
E 384	False Flame

The $m{j}$ $m{P}$ button can be pressed so that the display shows the following information:-

I press - '00' alternates with Sub-Code (only when fault on boiler) or '000'

2 presses - '01' alternates with CHTemperature

3 presses - '02' alternates with Outside Temperature (where Sensor fitted)

4 presses - '03' alternates with DHW Temperature

5 presses - '04' alternates with DHW Temperature

6 presses - '05' alternates with System Water Pressure

7 presses - '06' alternates with Return Temperature

8 presses - '04' alternates with Flue Temperature

9 presses - '05' alternates with Heat Exchanger Temperature

17.0 Fault Finding & 'Service Due'

17.1 Initial Fault Finding Checks

- I. Check that gas, water and electrical supplies are available at the boiler.
- 2. Electrical supply = $230V \sim 50$ Hz.
- 3. The preferred minimum gas pressure is 20 mb (NG) 37mb (LPG) $\,$
- 4. Carry out electrical system checks, i.e. Earth Continuity, Resistance to Earth, Short Circuit and Polarity with a suitable meter.

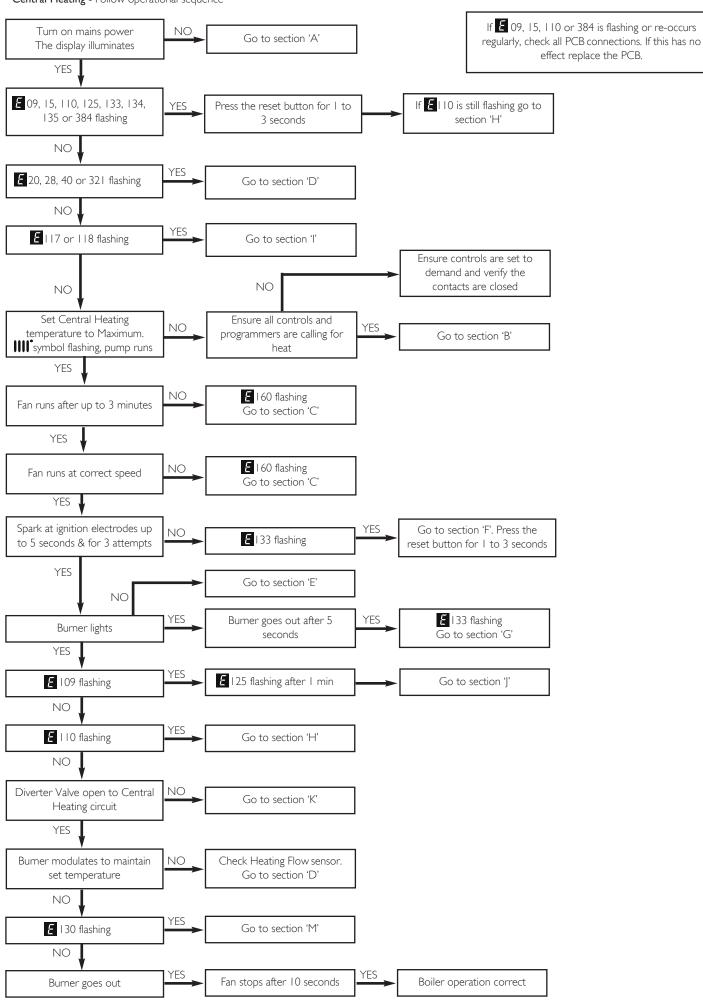
NOTE: These checks must be repeated after any servicing or fault finding.

5. Ensure all external controls are calling for heat and check all external and internal fuses. Before any servicing or replacement of parts, ensure the gas and electrical supplies are isolated.

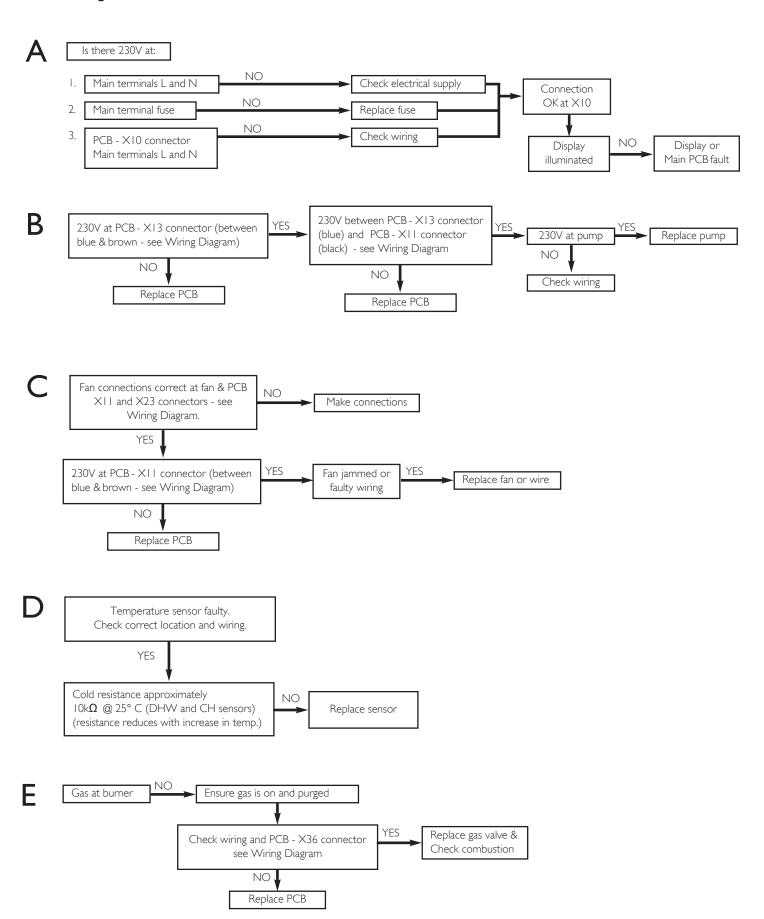
17.2 Error Codes

- I. If a fault occurs on the boiler an error code may be shown by the facia display.
- 2. The codes are a flashing number, either two or three digit, preceded by the symbol \mathbf{E} :-
- followed by 20, 28, 40, 160 or 321 indicates possible faulty components.
- followed by 55 (after replacing R.D.S.) indicates calibration required (Section 14.2).
- \mathcal{E} 110 indicates overheat of the primary system water.
- **E** 117 is displayed when the primary water pressure is greater than 2.7 bar.
- **E** 118 is displayed when the primary water pressure is less than 0.5 bar.
- [33, 134 and 135 indicate that the gas supply has been interrupted, ignition has failed or the flame has not been detected.
- [2] 128 is displayed if there has been a flame failure during normal operation.
- [25] I 25 is displayed in either of two situations:-
- i) If between 15 and 30 seconds of the burner lighting the boiler temperature has not changed by 1° C.
- ii) If within 10 minutes of the burner lighting the boiler actual temperature twice exceeds the selected temperature by 30°. In these instances poor primary circulation is indicated.
- 3. By pressing the 'Reset' button for 1 to 3 seconds when
- [2] 110, 125, 133, 134, 135, 09, 15, 128 & 384 are displayed it is possible to relight the boiler.
- 4. If this does not have any effect, or the codes are displayed regularly further investigation is required.

Refer to "Illustrated Wiring Diagram" for position of terminals and components **Central Heating -** Follow operational sequence



Fault Finding Solutions Sections



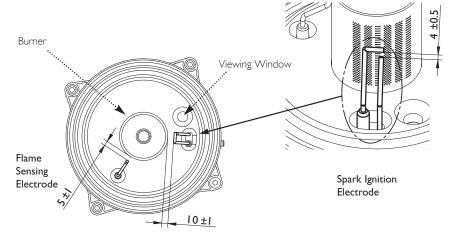
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Check and correct if necessary

- I. Ignition electrode and lead
- 2. Electrode connection
- 3. Spark gap and position





Electrode Position

G

Check supply pressure at the gas valve:-

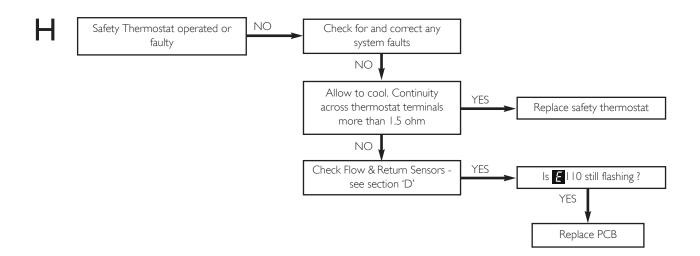
Natural Gas - Minimum 17 mbar Propane - Minimum 37 mbar

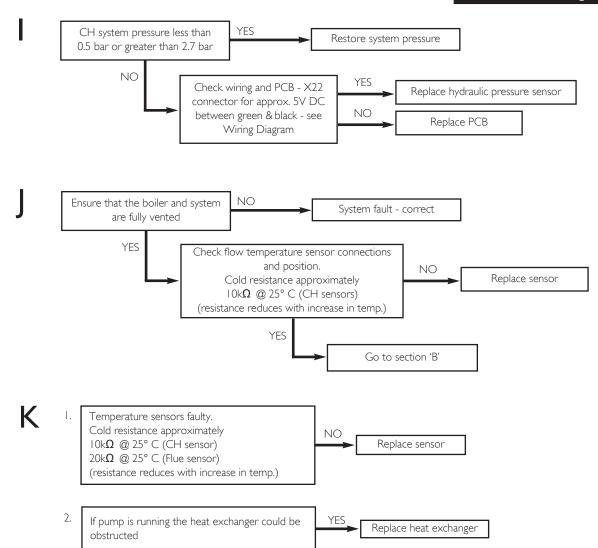
- 2. Check and correct if necessary
 - I. The set of the gas valve

(CO₂ values - see instruction)

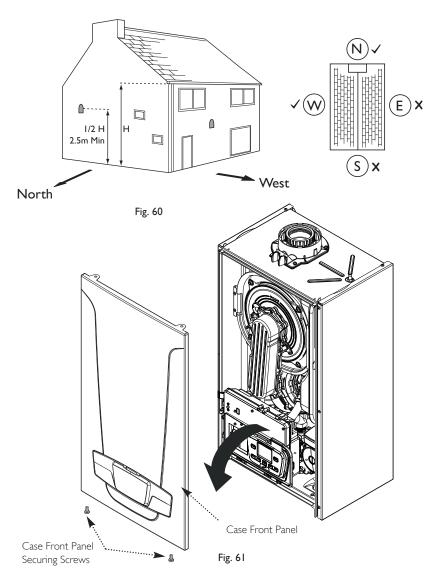
- 2. Flame sensing electrode and lead connections
- 3. Flame sensing electrode position

Replace sensing electrode or PCB





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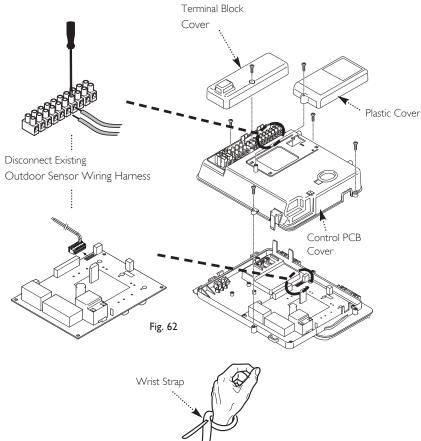


Fig. 63

18.0 Outdoor Sensor

18.1 Positioning the Outdoor Sensor (Fig. 60)

I. The Sensor must be fixed to an external wall surface of the property it is serving. The wall must face a north or west.

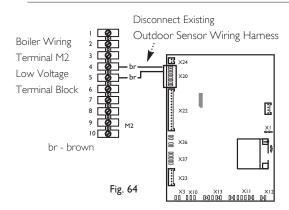
NOTE: DO NOT position it on a south facing wall in direct sunlight!

- 2. The Sensor should be approximately half the height of the living space of the property, and a minimum of 2.5m above ground level.
- 3. It must be positioned away from any sources of heat or cooling (e.g. flue terminal) to ensure accurate operation. Siting the Sensor above doors and windows, adjacent to vents and close to eaves should be avoided.

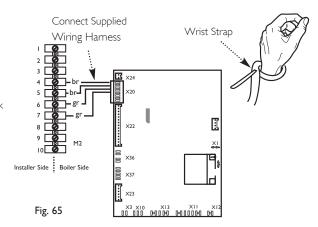
18.2 Connecting the Outdoor Sensor Kit

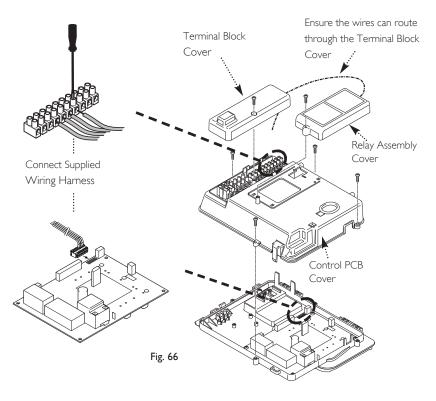
IMPORTANT: This sensor is suitable for use ONLY with S-Plan heating systems!

- 1. Ensure the boiler and system wiring is isolated from the mains electrical supply.
- 2. Undo the securing screws and lift the case front panel off (Fig. 61).
- 3. Disengage the securing tab and hinge the control box downwards (Fig. 61).
- 4. Undo the terminal block cover securing screw and remove the cover (Fig. 62).
- 5. Undo the plastic cover securing screw and remove (Fig. 62). (This will later be replaced by the relay cover assembly (7211479))
- 6. Undo the four control PCB cover securing screws so that the control area is accessible (Fig. 62). (You should not need to remove any control wiring to gain access to the control area). Care should be taken to ensure the electrode lead is not disconnected.
- 7. Utilise the ESD wrist strap included in the kit (5129152) according to the guide on the packaging. Place the looped end of the strap around your wrist and the other end connect to an adequate earth point (Fig. 63).
- 8. Disconnect and remove the existing outdoor sensor wiring hamess connected between the PCB X20 edge connector and the M2 terminals 4 and 5 (Figs. 62 & 64). Do not use metallic or sharp tools that could damage the PCB or wiring hamess.



Boiler Wiring
Terminal M2
Low Voltage
Terminal Block





18.0 Outdoor Sensor

18.2 Connecting the Outdoor Sensor Kit (cont)

- 9. Connect the supplied wiring harness to the PCB \times 20 edge connector, and the boiler side of the M2 terminal. Connect the brown wires to the boiler side of M2 terminals 4 and 5 and the green wires to M2 terminal 6 and 7 (Figs. 65 & 66). Do not use metallic or sharp tools that could damage the PCB or the wiring harness.
- 10. The new Relay Assembly Cover (72 I 1479) should now be connected to the installer side of the M2 terminal block. Connect the green wires to M2 terminal 6 and 7. Note where the cables from the Relay Assembly Cover are accessing the terminal block area (Fig. 67).
- II. Connect the blue wire of the Relay Assembly Cover harness to the boiler side neutral connection of the mains voltage terminal block MI, and connected the brown wire to boiler side terminal 4 of the mains voltage terminal block MI (Fig. 67).

br - brown g - green bl - blue

Installer Side Boiler Side

[

through the Terminal Block
Cover

Ensure the wires can route

Boiler Wiring Terminal M2 Low Voltage Terminal Block

Boiler Main Voltage Terminal Block M I

Fig. 67

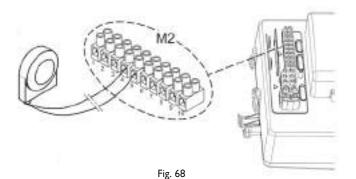
Relay Assembly Cover

X23

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Relay Assembly Cover

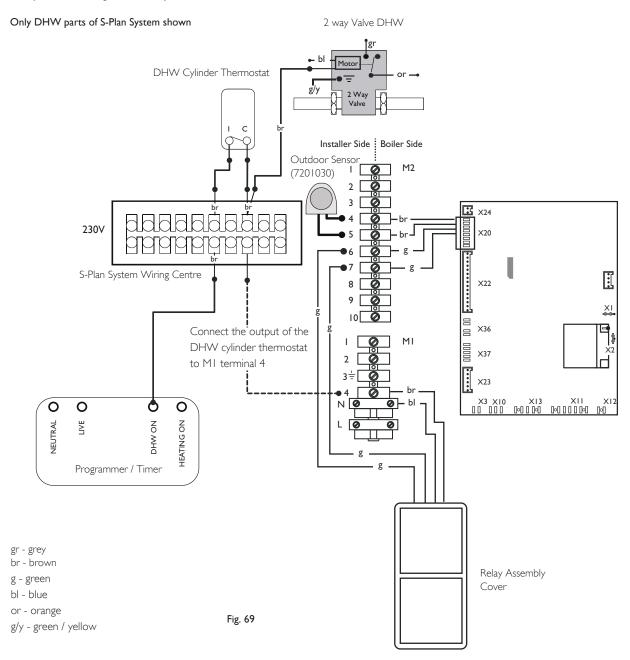
18.0 Outdoor Sensor

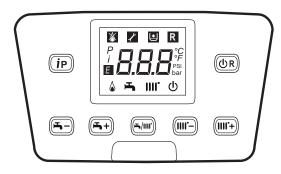


18.2 Connecting the Outdoor Sensor Kit (cont)

- 12. Remove one of the appliance blanking grommets at the base of the boiler, pierce the diaphragm and insert the wires from the Outdoor Sensor.
- 13. Leave sufficient slack in the wires to allow the Control Box to be hinged fully open. Refit the grommet.
- 14. Connect the wires from the Outdoor Sensor to the installer side of M2 terminals 4 and 5 (Fig. 68).
- 15. Connect the output of the DHW cylinder thermostat to the installer side of M1 terminal 4 (Fig. 69).
- 16. Refit the terminal block cover, the new relay assembly cover, PCB cover, and boiler case.

Example of connecting to a S-Plan System





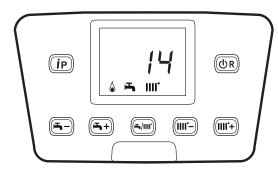


Fig. 70

18.0 Outdoor Sensor

18.3 Outdoor Sensor Parameter Configuration

The parameters are adjusted using the controller (Fig. 70) on the front of the boiler. Only the parameters described in these instructions should be modified, otherwise the warranty for this kit and the appliance could be invalidated.

- I. Press and hold IIII*— and IIIII*+ until P0 I is displayed on screen.
- Press IIII' or IIII'+ to scroll through until P03 is displayed and press ip to edit the program.

NOTE: The factory set value is 08 for Megaflo 2 System GA & Ultra System appliances.

- 3. Press IIII' or IIII' + to scroll through until 04 is displayed and press *iP* to confirm selection.
- 4. Press \mathbf{OR} to return to the default operational screen.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Clearly communicate the following information to the customer to enable them to maximise the benefits of the sensor.

- Once the outdoor sensor is fitted and configured correctly, each time the buttons IIII'— or IIII'+ are pressed in order to adjust the central heating temperature, the actual value adjusted will no longer be the direct central heating temperature, it will now be the outdoor sensor curve value.
- This will be noticed by the absence of the °C symbol when **|||||*** or **|||||*** are pressed, and the adjustment value range will be extended in line with the outdoor sensor curve range 0 to 90 (Fig. 70).

18.0 Outdoor Sensor



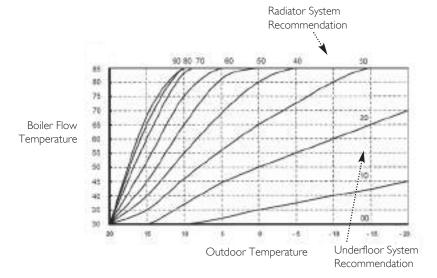


Fig. 71

18.4 Setting the Sensor Curve (Fig. 71)

- I. Ensure that there is power to the boiler.
- 2. The Central Heating temperature buttons IIII'- and IIII'+ are now used to select the desired curve as shown on the graph.
- 3. Normally the display will show the current temperature of the water in the boiler (e.g. 41 °C). As the buttons are pressed the curve identification code will be shown, from '00' to '90'.
- 4. To select the most appropriate curve consideration must be given to the expected outdoor temperature range. This must then be compared to a boiler flow temperature that will satisfy the needs of the user, e.g. If outdoor temperatures in the range 0°C to -5°C are anticipated and a boiler flow temperature of no more than 60°C required to maintain comfort within the home, select Curve '20'.
- 5. As a further example, if Curve '40' is selected, at an outside temperature of 5°C the boiler flow temperature will be just below 70°C. In the event of the outside temperature falling to 0°C, the boiler flow will increase to 80°C.

6. Recommendation (Fig. 71):

- Radiator system: Set Curve to 35 (Boiler flow temp 80°C, for an outside temp of -5°C)
- Under floor system: Set Curve to 17 (Boiler flow temp 50°C, for an outside temp of -5°C)
- Caution: Ensure that the chosen curve provides a boiler flow temperature in line with the manufacturers under floor system instructions.

IMPORTANT: Explain to the user how to select a different temperature curve and under which circumstances this may be required.

19.0 'Service Due' Message

'Service Due' Message Resetting/De-activation/Activation The message is NOT ACTIVATED as a factory setting but can be activated at any time.

- I. When activated the 'Service Due' message will be shown on the boiler display after II months operation. (If the installation has been subject to prolonged electrical isolation or power cuts this period may be longer than II months)
- 2. Once the service has been completed satisfactorily the 'Service Due' message can be reset or de-activated.

To Reset

If the function requires resetting proceed as follows:- 4. Press $\parallel \parallel \parallel^* - \& \parallel \parallel \parallel^* + \text{for 6 seconds. Using } \parallel \parallel \parallel^* + \text{scroll through until '22' is displayed. Press } P.$

5. Press \mathbf{IIII}^{\bullet} +to scroll to '15'. Confirm with $\mathbf{j} P$ then press (1) \mathbf{R} to return the display to normal.

To De-activate

When the function is no longer required proceed as follows: 6. Press $\parallel \parallel \parallel^{\bullet} - \& \parallel \parallel \parallel^{\bullet} + \text{for 6 seconds. Using } \parallel \parallel \parallel^{\bullet} + \text{scroll}$ through until '22' is displayed. Press \mathring{i} P.

7. Press **IIII'+** until **'22'** is displayed again. Press **j P**. Using **IIII'+**scroll through to **'50'**. Press **j P**.

8. Press $|||||^*+$ until '25' is displayed. Confirm with j P then press $\bigcup_{\mathbf{R}}$ to return the display to normal.

To Activate

If the function requires activating proceed as follows:-

9. Press **IIII'-**& **IIIII'+**for 6 seconds. Using **IIIII'+**scroll through until '22' is displayed. Press **j P**

10. Press **||||** + until **22**' is displayed again. Press **j P**. Using **||||** + scroll through to **50**'. Press **j P**.

11. Press |||||*+ until '11' is displayed. Confirm with i P then press (b) R to return the display to normal.

GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the boiler as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference.

Failure to install and commission according to the manufacturer's instructions and complete this Benchmark Commissioning Checklist will invalidate the warranty. This does not affect the customer's statutory rights.

Customer name: Telephone number:																
Address:																
Boiler make and model:																
Boiler serial number:																
Commissioned by (PRINT NAME):						Gas Safe register number:										
Company name:	Tel	Telephone number:														
Company address:																
Commissioning date:																
o be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliance Certificate*																
Building Regulations Notification Numb	per (if applicable):														
CONTROLS (tick the appropriate boxe	26)			:				:								
Room thermostat and programmer/timer Programmable room thermostat																
Time and temperature control to heating	ng	Roc		ostat and p _oad/weath	-		-	Optimum start control								
Time and temperature control to hot wa		Cyline		ostat and p		-	_							ination I		
		Cyllific	der trieffin	usiai anu į	piograi		itted						COITID			
Heating zone valves							_					-		Not rec		
Hot water zone valves							itted							Not rec		
Thermostatic radiator valves							itted							Not rec		
Automatic bypass to system						F	itted							Not rec		
Boiler interlock														Pro	vided	
ALL SYSTEMS																
The system has been flushed and clea	ned in accordar	nce with B	S7593 an	nd boiler m	anufac	turer's	instruc	ctions							Yes	
What system cleaner was used?																
What inhibitor was used?											(Quanti	ty		li	itres
Has a primary water system filter been	installed?											Yes			No	
CENTRAL HEATING MODE measure	and record:			:												
Gas rate		T			m³/h			-	DR						f	t³/hr
Burner operating pressure (if applicable	e)				mba	+	01	R Gas in		ssure						nbar
Central heating flow temperature	<u> </u>								.01 p.01							°C
Central heating return temperature																°C
				-												$\stackrel{\smile}{=}$
COMBINATION BOILERS ONLY		_														
Is the installation in a hard water area												Yes			No	
If yes, and if required by the manufactu		r scale red	lucer bee	n fitted?								Yes			No	
What type of scale reducer has been fi	itted?															
DOMESTIC HOT WATER MODE Mea	sure and Record	d:														
Gas rate					m³/h			C	R						f	t³/hr
Burner operating pressure (at maximur	m rate)				mba	OR	Gas inl	let press	ure at r	maxim	um rate				n	nbar
Cold water inlet temperature																°C
Hot water has been checked at all outle	ets									Υ	es	Tem	peratu	re	_	°C
Water flow rate															l/	/min
CONDENSING BOILERS ONLY																
The condensate drain has been installe	ed in accordance	e with the	manufact	turer's inst	truction	s and/	or BS5	546/BS6							Yes	
ALL INSTALLATIONS				:												
ALL INGTALLATIONS	At max. rate:			CO			opm /	AND	CO/C	:O-			Ratio			
Record the following:	At min. rate: ((where no	ecible)	CO			•	AND	CO/C				Ratio			
The heating and het water system com		-			20		ppiii 1	AND	00/0	,O ₂			Natio	'	Von	
The heating and hot water system complies with the appropriate Building Regulations Yes The building and appropriate description of the propriate Building Regulations Yes																
The boiler and associated products have been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions Yes The projection of the boiler and existent controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the questions.																
The operation of the boiler and system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer Yes The manufacturer's literature including Panels and Captilist and Captilis																
The manufacturer's literature, including Benchmark Checklist and Service Record, has been explained and left with the customer Yes									_							
Commissioning Engineer's Signature																
Customer's Signature																
(To confirm satisfactory demonstration	and receipt of m	nanufactur	rer's litera	iture)												

^{*}All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



SERVICE RECORD

It is recommended that your heating system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Interval Record is completed.

Service Provider

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions. Always use the manufacturer's specified spare part when replacing controls.

SER	VICE 01			Date:	SER	VICE 02			Date:			
Engineer name:					Engineer	r name:						
Company name:					Company name:							
Telephone No:					Telephone No:							
Gas safe register No:						Gas safe register No:						
D	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	D	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
Commen	ts:				Commen	nts:						
Signature)				Signature	е						
SFR	VICE 03			Date:	SFR	VICE 04			Date:			
Engineer					Engineer							
Company					Company							
Telephon					Telephon							
	register No:				1	register No:						
Guo Guio	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	- Cao care	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
Commen		, pp			Commen		- PP	1	100270			
Signature)				Signature							
CED	VICE OF			D .	CED	VICE OC						
SEK	VICE 05			Date:	PEK	VICE 06		Date:				
Engineer					Engineer							
Company					Company name:							
Telephon					Telephone No:							
Gas safe	register No:	I-	1	_	Gas safe register No:							
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
_	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	-	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
Comments:						nts:						
Cianotura					Cignotur							
Signature					Signature							
SER	VICE 07			Date:	SER	VICE 08			Date:			
Engineer	name:				Engineer	r name:						
Company	name:				Company name:							
Telephon	e No:				Telephone No:							
Gas safe	register No:				Gas safe	register No:						
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
Necolu.	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Necord.	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
Commen	ts:				Commen	nts:						
Signature)				Signature	e						
SER	VICE 09			Date:	SER	VICE 10			Date:			
Engineer	name:				Engineer	r name:						
Company					Company	-						
Telephone No:					Telephone No:							
Gas safe	register No:	I	1		Gas safe	register No:						
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO₂ %		At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %			
Commen	ts:				Commen	nts:						
0:												
Signature)				Signature	е						

^{*}All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



Baxi Customer Support 0344 871 1545

Opening hours

Monday - Friday, 8.00am-6.00pm Weekends and Bank Holidays, 8.30am-2.00pm

Please note calls may be recorded for training and monitoring purposes



Register now to activate your warranty:

www.baxi.co.uk/registration

For the warranty to be maintained, please make sure...

- Benchmark checklist is completed
- Warranty is registered within 30 days
- The boiler has an annual service

For full terms and conditions, visit www.baxi.co.uk/terms. Failure to adhere to terms and conditions will void your manufacturer's warranty.



Coventry Road, Warwick, CV34 4LL



Please ensure the boiler is installed in accordance with these installation instructions and that you adhere to the Building Regulations.

e&oe

All descriptions and illustrations provided in this document have been carefully prepared but we reserve the right to make changes and improvements in our products which may affect the accuracy of the information contained in this leaflet. All goods are sold subject to our standard Conditions of Sale which are available on request.



